2016

(Registration number 1952/003004/06) Audited consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

THE HOLLARD INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

These financial statements were audited in compliance with the Companies Act 71 of 2008

The annual financial statements were prepared by Navashnie Pillay, BCom (ACC) Hons, under the supervision of the Financial Manager, Prevashini Kalimuthu, CA(SA).

Hollard.

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Group salient features

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2014 R'000	2013 R'000	2012 R'000
Income statement information					
Gross premium income ⁽¹⁾	12 513 741	11 376 501	9 003 297	7 103 163	10 685 181
Net written premium income ⁽²⁾	9 592 782	8 857 186	6 930 218	5 774 314	8 260 702
Investment income ⁽³⁾	1 259 554	1 051 336	905 618	1 585 847	729 430
Net insurance claims	5 428 655	4 877 829	3 932 344	3 093 707	4 278 066
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	1 487 325	746 719	720 976	1 688 697	705 671
Statement of financial position information					
Insurance liabilities	5 115 347	5 402 403	4 598 553	3 238 350	2 784 548
Equity attributable to equity holders of parent	3 150 169	3 694 967	3 510 974	3 274 243	1 747 524
Total assets	12 459 682	11 998 170	10 826 046	8 705 723	11 435 811
Financial assets (ie listed investments and unlisted investments)	2 675 367	3 425 392	3 644 615	2 727 482	2 273 106
Cash and cash equivalents	2 179 384	2 962 959	2 195 306	1 855 578	2 141 922
Trading ratios	%	%	%	%	%
Written premium: Net to gross	76.7	77.9	77.0	81.3	77.3
Combined operating ratio ⁽⁴⁾	100.6	100.9	101.7	99.7	98.6
Solvency ratio ⁽⁵⁾	46.0	57.6	69.1	55.7 77.7	79.4
Solvenog ratio	46.0	37.0	03.1	77.7	75.4
Actuarial information					
Capital adequacy requirement (CAR)	2 229 304	2 086 775	1 724 114	1 332 040	1 241 638

^{(1) &}quot;Gross premium income" represents the total income arising from insurance contracts only.

 $[\]hbox{(2)} \quad \hbox{``Net written premium income'' is gross premium income less reinsurance premium outwards.}$

^{(3) &}quot;Investment income" includes net investment income and unrealised gains and/or losses on the investment and trading portfolios.

^{(4) &}quot;Combined ratio" is calculated and presented at a Company level and is defined as the ratio between the sum of net insurance claims, commission and other acquisition costs, marketing and administrative expenses and net premium income.

^{(5) &}quot;Solvency ratio" is the ratio between shareholders' funds (including contingency reserve for years prior to 2012) and net written premium income. Solvency is calculated and presented at a Company level.

Directors' responsibility statement and approval of annual financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

In terms of the Companies Act of South Africa, the Directors are required to maintain adequate accounting records and to prepare annual financial statements that fairly present the financial position at year-end and the results and cash flows for the year of The Hollard Insurance Company Limited ("Hollard" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group").

To enable the Board to discharge its responsibilities, management has developed and continues to maintain a system of internal controls. The Board has ultimate responsibility for this system of internal controls and reviews the effectiveness of its operations, primarily through the Group Audit Committee and other risk monitoring committees and functions.

The internal controls include risk-based systems of accounting and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are executed and recorded in accordance with sound business practices and the Group's written policies and procedures. These controls are implemented by trained and skilled staff, with clearly defined lines of accountability and appropriate segregation of duties. The controls are monitored by management and include a budgeting and reporting system operating within strict deadlines and an appropriate control framework.

As part of the system of internal controls, the Group's Internal Audit function conducts inspections, financial and specific audits and co-ordinates audit coverage with the External Auditors.

The External Auditors are responsible for reporting on the Group's and Company's annual financial statements.

The Group's and Company's annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and incorporate responsible disclosures in line with the accounting policies of the Group. The Group's and Company's annual financial statements are based on appropriate accounting policies consistently applied except, as otherwise stated, and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Board believes that the Group and Company will be going concerns in the year ahead. For this reason the Board continue to adopt the going-concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

These annual financial statements, set out on pages 3 to 72, have been approved by the Board of the Group and Company and are signed on its behalf by:

ADH Enthoven

Chairman

31 October 2016

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NG Kohler

Chief Executive Officer

31 October 2016

Certification by Company Secretary

In my capacity as Group Secretary, I hereby confirm that the Group has lodged with the Registrar of Companies all such returns as are required of the Group and that such returns are true, correct and up to date.



NL Shirilele
Company Secretary

31 October 2016

Audit Committee report

The Committee is composed of three independent non-executive directors. The work of the Committee is specified by its charter, and the provisions of the Short Term Insurance Act, 1998. The Committee reviewed the Company's financial statements, and assessed that these accurately represented the financial position of the Company. The Committee further reviewed the Company's accounting policies, and the reports of the internal and external audit functions, and of the compliance officer. The Committee met three times during the year, and the chairman of the Committee reported on the work of the Committee to the Board. The Committee is satisfied that it has discharged all its responsibilities.

The Committee reviewed the work of the external auditors, Deloitte & Touche, including the audit plan and budget, independence and recommended to the Board and shareholders the appointment of the auditors.

Mulard

PK Ward

Chairman: Audit Committee

31 October 2016

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholders of The Hollard Insurance Company Limited

We have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of The Hollard Insurance Company Limited set out on pages 8 to 71, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2016, and the income statements, the statements of comprehensive income, the statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated and separate annual financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated and separate financial position of The Hollard Insurance Company Limited as at 30 June 2016, and its consolidated and separate financial performance and consolidated and separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Other reports required by the Companies Act

As part of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016, we have read the Directors' report, the Audit Committee's report, Corporate Governance Statement and the Company Secretary's certificate for the purpose of identifying whether there are material inconsistencies between these reports and the audited consolidated and separate financial statements. These reports are the responsibility of the respective preparers. Based on reading these reports we have not identified material inconsistencies between these reports and the consolidated and separate audited financial statements. However, we have not audited these reports and accordingly do not express an opinion on these reports.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In terms of the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors (IRBA) Rule published in Government Gazette Number 39475 dated 4 Desember 2015, we report that Deloitte & Touche has been the auditor of the Hollard Insurance Company Limited for eight years. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the IRBA code of Proffesional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Parts A and B).

Deloitte & Touche Registered Auditors

aloithe & Touche

Per: Dinesh Munu Partner 31 October 2016

National Executive

LL Bam (Chief Executive)*; TMM Jordan (Deputy Chief Executive Officer)*; MJ Jarvis (Chief Operating Officer)*; GM Pinnock (Audit)*; N Sing (Risk Advisory)* NB Kader (Tax)*; TP Pillay (Consulting)*; S Gwala (BPaaS); K Black (Clients and Industries)*; JK Mazzocco (Talent and Transformation)*; MJ Comber (Reputation and Risk)*; TJ Brown (Chairman of the Board)*

*Partner and Registered Auditor

A full list of partners and directors is available on request

B-BBEE rating: Level 2 contributor in terms of the Chartered Accountancy Profession Sector Code

Associate of Deloitte Africa, a member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited.

Directors' report

for the year ended 30 June 2016

The Directors have the pleasure in presenting the Directors' report which forms part of the Group's and Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Nature of business

The Company is a registered insurer and underwrites all classes of short-term insurance business throughout the Republic of South Africa. The activities and details of the interest in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture are listed in notes 36, 37 and 48 on pages 64 to 66, and 70 to 71, of the annual financial statements.

General review

In the year under review the Group achieved a net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent of R1 487 325 000 (2015: R746 719 000), which emanated from the Group's operations as follows:

	GRO	UP
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Net premium income Investment income Other income	9 506 096 1 259 554 360 496	8 782 584 1 051 336 234 913
Total revenue	11 126 146	10 068 833
Net insurance claims Other operating expenses	5 428 655 4 051 640	4 877 829 3 895 656
Total expenses	9 480 295	8 773 485
Results of operating activities Share of profit in associates	1 645 850 32 477	1 295 348 85 430
Profit before taxation Taxation	1 678 327 104 654	1 380 778 (272 499)
Profit for the year Non-controlling interest	1 782 981 (295 656)	1 108 279 (361 560)
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parents	1 487 325	746 719

Share capital

The Company repurchased 1 100 003 shares for R1 262 400 388 and issued 915 001 additional ordinary share for a consideration of R1 262 400 385 during the year.

Dividends

Dividends on ordinary shares of Rnil (2015: Rnil) and dividends on preference shares of R1 989 240 000 (2015: R554 957 000) were declared by the Company during the year.

Subsidiaries and associates

The Company has changed its holding in the following subsidiary:

• Execuline Underwriting Manager (Pty) Ltd (from 51% to 100%).

The Company sold all its interest in the following subsidiaries:

• Hollard Asset Management (Pty) Ltd (100%).

The Company sold all its interest in the following associates:

• Eikos Holdings (SA) (Pty) Ltd (40%).

Aggregate profits of the subsidiaries and associates for the year amounted to R396 212 179 and R32 476 932 respectively (2015: R160 293 546 and R85 430 000 respectively).

Going concern

The Board believes that the Group and Company will continue to be going concerns in the year ahead. For this reason the Board continues to adopt the going-concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

Subsequent events

On the 30 September 2016, the 70% shareholding in The Hollard Insurance Company of Botswana Limited (incorporated and operational in Botswana) and the 70% shareholding in Hollard Botswana (Pty) Ltd (trading as Hollard Life Botswana and incorporated and operational in Botswana) were sold to Direct Axis International S.a.r.I for the consideration of R180 700 000 and R6 100 000 respectively.

During September 2015, Regent Group's shareholder, Imperial Holdings, accepted an offer by the Hollard Group and the Yellowwoods Group to dispose of its shareholding in Regent Group, subject to regulatory approval. On 21 October 2016, we received confirmation that the Competition Commission would be recommending to the Competition Tribunal that the Group acquisition be prohibited from going ahead. Given that the merger is categorised as a large merger, the recommendation of the Competition Commission does not constitute a final binding decision. Such final binding decision will be made by the Competition Tribunal subsequent to the hearing regarding the merger. The Board is not aware of any other event since the end of the financial year, not otherwise dealt with in these annual financial statements that would affect the operations of the Group and Company or the results of these operations.

Directorate

In terms of the requirements of the Memorandum of Incorporation, the following Directors retired by rotation, made themselves available for re-election and were re-elected at the Annual General Meeting held on 17 November 2015:

• N Kohler, B Ngonyama

Executive Directors

NG Kohler (Group CEO), WT Lategan (Group CFO since 1 January 2016), TBT Mparutsa (Group CFO until 1 January 2016) and IH Ross (Group Chief Underwriting Officer) were the only Executive Directors who held office during the year.

Non-executive Directors

ADH Enthoven, B Ngonyama, PK Ward, R Fihrer, BF Mohale, S Patel and NV Simamane were in office during the year as Non-Executive Directors.

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche will continue in office in accordance with section 90 of the Companies Act No 71 of 2008.

Company Secretary

NL Shirilele

Business address

Hollard at Arcadia 22 Oxford Road Parktown Johannesburg

Postal address PO Box 87419 Houghton 2041

Holding company

The immediate holding company is Hollard Holdings (Pty) Ltd (100%) (2015: 78.43%) and the ultimate holding company is R Enthoven and Sons (Pty) Ltd. Both of these companies are incorporated in the Republic of South Africa.

Statements of financial position

as at 30 June 2016

	•	GRO	UP	COMP	ANY
	Notes	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Assets					
Property and equipment	5	64 338	63 714	64 203	46 235
Investment property	6	58 587	53 639	-	-
Intangible assets	7	113 894	85 488	113 248	60 003
Interest in subsidiaries	8	-	-	99 599	792 931
Interest in associates	9	169 006	173 677	188 323	295 449
Financial assets	10	2 675 367	3 425 392	2 637 044	2 869 935
Other financial asset		-	246 458	-	246 458
Reinsurance assets	21	2 606 898	2 525 610	2 606 898	2 046 119
Insurance, loans and other receivables	13	2 060 859	1 805 228	2 054 805	1 552 157
Deferred acquisition costs Deferred taxation	22 14	144 297	163 468	144 297	155 022 80 040
Current income taxation	35	78 170 74 993	81 816 66 709	77 889 74 879	
Cash and cash equivalents	35 15	2 179 384	2 962 959	2 173 264	61 221 2 359 354
Non-current asset held for sale	16	2 233 887	344 012	746 405	390 273
	10				
Total assets		12 459 682	11 998 170	10 980 855	10 955 197
Equity and liabilities					
Share capital and premium	17	1 642 601	606 850	1 642 601	606 850
Contingency reserve		103 321	93 209	_	_
Share option reserve		4 012	4 012	4 012	4 012
Foreign currency translation reserve	19	(24 222)	7 006	-	-
Non-distributable reserves	18	9 421	9 206	-	-
Credit protection reserves		3	20	-	_
Retained earnings		1 415 033	2 974 664	2 094 497	3 765 194
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		3 150 169	3 694 967	3 741 110	4 376 056
Non-controlling interest		460 547	352 551	-	-
Total equity		3 610 716	4 047 518	3 741 110	4 376 056
Insurance liabilities	21	5 115 347	5 402 403	5 115 347	4 476 560
Reinsurance liabilities		950 612	840 771	950 612	739 442
Non-current liabilities held for sale	16	1 586 179	_	_	_
Long-term borrowings	24	3 254	354	_	-
Employee benefits	25	241 679	254 106	241 679	211 025
Trade and other payables	26	801 142	998 425	788 422	739 129
Current borrowings		232	232	_	_
Shareholders for dividend	33	14 317	18 053	14 317	3 492
Deferred taxation	14	136 408	424 403	129 368	409 493
Current income taxation	35	28	12 137	-	-
Total liabilities		8 848 966	7 950 652	7 239 745	6 579 141
Total equity and liabilities		12 459 682	11 998 170	10 980 855	10 955 197

Income statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	-	GRO	UP	COMPA	NY
	Notes	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Revenue Gross premium income Reinsurance premiums outwards	21	12 513 741 (2 920 959)	11 376 501 (2 519 315)	10 386 327 (2 247 412)	9 492 385 (1 899 267)
Net written premium income (Less)/add: Change in unearned premium reserve		9 592 782 (86 686)	8 857 186 (74 602)	8 138 915 8 935	7 593 118 (51 789)
Gross amount Reinsurer's share		(229 779) 143 093	(190 781) 116 179	(133 050) 141 985	(75 205) 23 416
Net premium income		9 506 096	8 782 584	8 147 850	7 541 329
Interest Dividends Rental Income	27 27	211 114 145 239 2 919	172 042 121 099 –	159 274 201 441	136 093 179 469
Realised profit on disposal of investments Unrealised (loss)/profit on revaluation of investments Profit/(loss) on translation of foreign currencies Profit/(loss) on disposal of associates and subsidiaries Profit on disposal of property and equipment	28 29	1 126 325 (840 849) 162 003 452 803	53 305 693 738 10 449 534 169	1 074 485 (883 202) 44 867 452 803	23 422 628 737 (8 789) (140)
Investment income Other income		1 259 554 360 496	1 051 336 234 913	1 049 668 190 258	958 792 135 661
Total revenue		11 126 146	10 068 833	9 387 776	8 635 782
Expenses Gross claims and loss adjustment expense Reinsurer's share		7 415 517 (1 986 862)	6 424 053 (1 546 224)	6 568 162 (1 769 621)	5 790 579 (1 402 992)
Net insurance claims	_	5 428 655	4 877 829	4 798 541	4 387 587
Commission and other acquisition costs Interest paid Marketing and administration expenses	27	1 138 345 24 639 2 888 657	1 073 311 16 094 2 806 251	903 800 24 639 2 490 531	904 863 16 039 2 320 024
Total expenses		9 480 296	8 773 485	8 217 511	7 628 513
Results of operating activities Share of profit of associates Profit before taxation Taxation	30 31	1 645 850 32 477 1 678 327 104 654	1 295 348 85 430 1 380 778 (272 499)	1 170 265 - 1 170 265 184 027	1 007 269 - 1 007 269 (156 385)
Profit for the year		1 782 981	1 108 279	1 354 292	850 884
Profit for the year attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non-controlling interest		1 487 325 295 656 1 782 981	746 719 361 560 1 108 279		

Statements of comprehensive income

for the year ended 30 June 2016

		GRO)UP	COME	PANY		
	Notes	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000		
Profit for the year		1 782 981	1 108 279	1 354 295	850 884		
Other comprehensive income Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Transfer from reserve Raising of credit protection reserve Unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	20	(63 969) 2 164 (17) 1 045	(7 493) - 11 (706)	- - -	- - -		
Other comprehensive loss for the year	21	(60 777)	(8 188)	-			
Total comprehensive income for the year		1 722 204	1 100 091	1 354 295	850 884		
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non-controlling interest		1 456 203 266 001 1 722 204	742 912 357 179 1 100 091				

Statements of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2016

					Attributable t	o equity hold	lers of the p	arent			
	Issued share capital R'000	Share premium R'000	Contingency reserve R'000	Share option reserve R'000	Foreign currency translation reserve R'000	Credit protection reserves R'000	Non- distri- butable reserves R'000	Retained earnings R'000	Total ordinary share- holders' equity R'000	Non- controlling interest R'000	Total equity R'000
GROUP								'			
Balance at 1 July 2014	537 200	69 650	90 957	4 012	11 800	9	8 836	2 788 510	3 510 974	387 989	3 898 963
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	746 719	746 719	361 559	1 108 278
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	_	_		-	(4 491)	11	370	303	(3 807)	(4 381)	(8 188)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(4 491)	11	370	747 022	742 912	357 179	1 100 091
Transfer to contingency reserve	-	-	2 252	-	-	-	-	(3 398)	(1 146)	1146	-
Transfer to NCI	-	-	-	-	(303)	-	-	(1 831)	(2 134)	2 134	-
Loss of control	-	-	-	-		_	-	-	-	(273 688)	(273 688)
Dividends paid on ordinary shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(124 734)	(124 734)
Dividends paid on A-ordinary shares in Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(681)	(681)	681	_
Dividends paid on A-ordinary shares in Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(681)	(681)
Dividends paid on preference											
shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(554 958)	(554 958)	-	(554 958)
Acquisition of shares in a subsidiary	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	2 525	2 525
Balance at 30 June 2015	537 200	69 650	93 209	4 012	7 006	20	9 206	2 974 664	3 694 966	352 551	4 047 518
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1 487 325	1 487 325	295 655	1 782 981
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	_	_	_	_	(31 228)	(17)	215	(94)	(31 124)	(29 654)	(60 777)
Total comprehensive income			_	_	(31 228)	(17)	215	1 487 231	1 456 201	266 001	1722 204
Total comprehensive income Transfer to contingency reserve	_		10 112		(31 226)	(17)	215	(27 028)	(16 917)		(14 000)
Dividends paid on ordinary shares			10 112	_			_	(27 020)	(10 317)	(157 615)	(157 615)
Dividends paid on A-ordinary shares in Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(780)	(780)
Dividends paid on preference shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1 989 240)	(1 989 240)	-	(1 989 240)
Acquisition of shares in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 156	5 156	(2 527)	2 630
Share buy back	(212 914)	(13 736)	-	-	-	-	-	(1 035 750)	(1 262 400)	-	(1 262 400)
Issue of ordinary shares	1 262 400	_		-	-	_	-	-	1 262 400	_	1 262 400
Balance at 30 June 2016	1 586 686	55 914	103 321	4 012	(24 222)	3	9 421	1 415 033	3 150 169	460 547	3 610 716
COMPANY											
Balance at 1 July 2014	537 200	69 650	_	4 012	_	_	_	3 469 268	4 080 130		
Profit for the year	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	850 884	850 884		
								050.007	050.007		
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	850 884	850 884		
Dividends paid on preference shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(554 957)	(554 957)		
Balance at 30 June 2015	537 200	69 650	-	4 012	-	-	-	3 765 194	4 376 056		
Profit for the year	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	1 354 292	1 354 292		
Total comprehensive income		_		_	_	_	_	1 354 292	1 354 292		
Share buy back	(212 914)	(13 736)					_	(1 035 750)	(1 262 400)		
Issue of ordinary shares	1 262 400	(.5 700)	_	_	_	_	_	-	1 262 400		
Dividends paid on preference									. 202 .00		
								4 000	(1.00		
shares Balance at 30 June 2016	1 586 686	- 55 914		4 012				(1 989 240) 2 094 497	(1 989 240) 3 741 109		

Statements of cash flows

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	GRO)UP	COMPANY		
Notes	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts from policyholders and other customers Cash paid to policyholders, suppliers and employees	9 250 463 (9 534 273)	9 400 969 (8 142 086)	7 649 300 (7 623 619)	8 099 884 (7 151 873)	
Cash (utilised by)/generated from operations32Interest paid27Dividends paid33Interest received27Dividends received34Taxation paid35		1 258 883 (16 094) (586 168) 172 042 110 931 (209 291)	25 681 (24 639) (1 971 432) 159 274 250 656 (107 606)	948 011 (16 039) (551 466) 136 093 169 301 (167 415)	
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(2 099 205)	730 303	(1 668 066)	518 485	
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of property and equipment Acquisition of listed and unlisted investments Acquisition of subsidiaries Acquisition of intangible assets Acquisition of bonds Proceeds on disposal of subsidiaries Proceeds on disposal of property and equipment 38 Proceeds on disposal of listed and unlisted investments 39 Proceeds on disposal of other financial assets Proceeds on disposal of non-current asset held for sale Decrease in loans to subsidiaries Increase/(decrease) in foreign currency translation reserve	(34 476) (184 760) - (94 965) (138 544) 8 000 - 1 275 955 311 985 48 114 - (30 995)	(28 21) (192 357) (43) (48 167) - (98) 1 549 296 492 - 12 979 - (4 794)	(30 540) (110 272) (3 781) (77 389) (50 060) 8 000 - 1 275 955 311 985 2 899 (137)	(15 548) (50 762) (4 219) (40 873) - - 391 249 504 - - 28 910	
Net cash inflow from investing activities	1 315 630	37 350	1 481 976	167 403	
Cash flows from financing activities Share buy back Rights issue of shares	(1 262 400) 1 262 400	- -	(1 262 400) 1 262 400	-	
Net cash outflow from financing activities	-	_	-	_	
Cash and cash equivalents Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(783 575) 2 962 959	767 653 2 195 306	(186 090) 2 359 354	685 888 1 673 466	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 15	2 179 384	2 962 959	2 173 264	2 359 354	

Notes to the annual financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Group's and Company's annual financial statements are set out below and have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Basis of presentation

These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations issued and effective at the time of preparing these annual financial statements

These annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment and owner-occupied property, interest in subsidiaries and associates, the revaluation of investment financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income which are carried at fair value.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group's and Company's estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed for reasonability on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the income statement in the year in which the estimates are revised, if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the annual financial statements are disclosed in note 2 to these financial statements.

Adoption of new and revised standards

The Group's and Company's accounting policies are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for those instances where new or revised standards and/or interpretations had to be adopted. The Group and Company adopted all of the new and revised standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the IFRIC of the IASB relevant to its operations that are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014. The adoption of these revised standards and interpretations did not have any effect on the Group's and Company's financial performance or position, although they did give rise to additional disclosures including, in some cases, changes to existing accounting policies.

The Group and Company will comply with standards issued but not yet effective for the 2016 financial year, from the respective effective dates. It is expected that the application of these standards will have an impact on the Group's reported results, financial position and cashflow. The adoption of these standards will give rise to additional disclosures including, in some cases, changes to existing accounting policies for the Group and Company.

The new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations together with the dates on or after which they became effective, are as follows:

Amendments and International Financial Reporting Standards effective for the first time for the financial year ended 30 June 2016

The following amendments and International Financial Reporting Standards are mandatory for the Group's and Company's accounting period and have been adopted where applicable:

- IAS 32 Financial instruments: Presentation (effect for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014):
 Amendments relating to the offsetting of assets and liabilities.
- IAS 36 Impairment of Assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014):
 Amendments related recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets.
- Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014)
- Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions (Amendments to IAS 19) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014)

International Financial Reporting Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective for the financial year ended 30 June 2016

- IFRS 9 Financial instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015): New standard amended to defer the mandatory effective date of IFRS 9 and amendments to transition disclosures.
- Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments to IFRS 11) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)"
- Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)"
- Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments to IAS 27) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016)

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.1 Basis of presentation (continued)

Interpretations of International Financial Reporting Standards issued but not yet effective for the financial year ended 30 June 2016

There are no interpretations of International Financial Reporting Standards issued but not yet effective for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated annual financial statements incorporate the annual financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. Gains and losses on disposal of subsidiaries are accounted for in the income statement.

The Group uses the purchase method of accounting to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date in terms of IFRS 3: Business Combinations, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

The interest of non-controlling shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at their proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised. Non-controlling interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identifiable separately from the Group's equity therein. Non-controlling interest consists of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and their share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses attributable to non-controlling shareholders in excess of their interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interest of the Group except to the extent that they have a binding obligation and are able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Subsidiaries' accounting policies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The Company classifies its investments in subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss financial instruments in accordance with IAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement due to the fact that it continually manages and evaluates these investments on a fair value basis.

Investment in associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but has no control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these annual financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investments is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS5: Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position's reserves at cost and adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associates, less any impairment in the value of individual investments. Post-acquisition losses of an associate in excess of the Group's interest in that associate, which includes any long-term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investments in associates, are not recognised unless the Group has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Post-acquisition profits are recognised in the income statement.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment on an annual basis. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is immediately recognised in the income statement.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Associates' accounting policies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The Company classifies its investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss financial instruments in accordance with IAS 39 due to the fact that it continually manages and evaluates these investments on a fair value basis.

Interest in joint arrangements

Joint ventures are entities where control is shared equally with a third party. Under the terms of these arrangements, the strategic, financial and operating policy decisions relating to joint venture activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of joint ventures are incorporated in these annual financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investments is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5: Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position's reserves at cost and adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the joint ventures, less any impairment in the value of individual investments. Post-acquisition losses of an joint venture in excess of the Group's interest in that joint venture, which includes any long-term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investments in joint ventures, are not recognised unless the Group has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. Post-acquisition profits are recognised in the income statement.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the joint venture recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill. The goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed for impairment as part of the investment on an annual basis. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is immediately recognised in the income statement.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Joint ventures' accounting policies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group

The Company classifies its investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss financial instruments in accordance with IAS 39 due to the fact that it continually manages and evaluates these investments on a fair value basis.

Accounting for entities under common control

IFRS does not provided specific guidance on accounting for business combinations under common control. Therefore, an accounting policy would be elected using the principles outlined in IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. This approach requires the entity first to consider the requirements in IFRSs dealing with similar and related issues. After this assessment, the entity evaluates the definitions, recognition criteria and measurement concepts for assets, liabilities, income and expenses in the Framework.

IFRS 3 is not applied to transactions where there is a transfer of a business between group entities that are ultimately controlled by the same party before and after the transfer. Therefore, the predecessor accounting policy was selected for the accounting of entities under common control. Under this methodology, the assets and liabilities are transferred at their carrying amounts as they were recognised in the seller's financial statements. The excess between the assets and liabilities recognised and the purchase consideration transferred to the seller, is recognised as an equity transaction directly in the statement of changes in equity.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary or associate at the acquisition date. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of the subsidiary or associate is initially recognised at cost as a separate asset. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Gains or losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of these cash-generating units represents the Group's investment by primary reporting segment.

Cash-generating units to which the goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on acquisition of an associate is described under "Investments in associates" above.

1.3 Foreign currencies

General

Foreign assets and liabilities are initially recorded at the spot rate and translated into South African Rand at the exchange rates ruling at the statement of financial position date. Foreign investment income or loss is translated into South African Rand at the average exchange rate for the year. Gains or losses arising from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Functional and presentation currency

The individual annual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The consolidated annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the Company's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency. All financial information presented in South African Rand has been rounded to the nearest thousand (R'000) except when otherwise indicated.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Foreign currencies (continued)

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. At each statement of financial position date, assets and liabilities denominated in currencies different to the functional currency are translated into the functional currency at the ruling rate at that date. Foreign exchange gains or losses are recognised in the income statement. Translation differences on non-monetary items are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

Group companies

For the purposes of presenting consolidated annual financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated from their respective functional currency into the Group's presentation currency at the closing exchange rates ruling at the statement of financial position date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates ruling at the date of the various transactions are used. All translation differences arising from the translation and consolidation of foreign operations are recognised directly in other comprehensive income as a foreign currency translation gain or loss. Such translation differences are recognised in the income statement in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing exchange rate at the statement of financial position date. None of the Group entities has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy.

1.4 Property and equipment

Property and equipment is initially recorded at cost. Costs include all expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of an asset and to bringing it to a working condition for its intended use, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes but excluding trade discounts and rebates. Maintenance and repairs expenditure, which neither adds to the value of property and equipment nor significantly prolongs its expected useful life, is recognised directly in the income statement.

Each category of property and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line basis at rates considered appropriate to reduce its cost to net realisable value over its estimated useful life. The rates used to depreciate each category of property and equipment are as follows:

Motor vehicles20%Office equipment10%Computer equipment33%Leasehold improvements33%Owner-occupied properties4%

Land is not depreciated.

There have been no changes to useful lives from those applied in the previous financial year.

Property

Owner-occupied properties are carried at fair value less subsequent depreciation for buildings. The fair value is determined every three years by external, independent, professional valuers. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. The revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of owner-occupied properties is credited to the revaluation surplus in other comprehensive income.

Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against their valuation reserve in other comprehensive income. All other decreases are charged to the income statement. Each year, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to the income statement and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of any related deferred tax is transferred from the revaluation surplus to other comprehensive income.

If an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference arising between the carrying amount and the fair value at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income as a revaluation gain or loss of property. If a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in the income statement. On disposal of such investment property, any surplus previously recorded in other comprehensive income is transferred to retained earnings.

Equipmen

Equipment is reflected at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis at rates considered appropriate to reduce the cost or revalued amounts to net realisable value over the estimated useful life.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group or Company and the cost of the item can be reliably measured. All other repairs and maintenance expenditure is charged to the income statement during the financial period in which it is incurred.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted if appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing the asset's proceeds on disposal to its carrying amount and are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation surplus are transferred to retained earnings.

1.5 Investment property

Property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation, or for both, and which is not occupied by companies in the Group, is classified as investment property. The Group's investment property comprises freehold land and buildings.

Investment property is treated as a long-term investment and is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment property is measured at open-market fair value and is subject to a valuation by an external, independent professional valuer every three years. If the open-market valuation information cannot be reliably determined, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on active markets. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are credited or charged directly to the income statement in the year in which they are identified. On disposal of investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value is recognised in the income statement.

If an investment property were to become owner-occupied, it would be reclassified as property and equipment and would be fair valued at the date of reclassification.

1.6 Intangible assets

Computer software

Acquired computer software packages and licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised on the basis of the expected useful life (three to seven years).

Acquired rights over books of business

The acquisition of the books of business is recognised as intangible assets due to the fact that:

- It is probable that the expected future economic benefits attributable to the books of business will flow to the entity;
- The costs of the books of business have been measured reliably;
- These books of business are initially recognised at cost;
- These books of business are, subsequent to initial recognition, carried at cost less accumulated amortisation, fair value adjustments and any impairment losses; and
- These books of business are revalued annually using actuarial valuation models.

1.7 Non-derivative financial instruments

Financial assets

Investments

The Group and Company classify its investments in debt and equity securities into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, held-to-maturity financial assets and loans and other receivables. The classification is dependent on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at the time of purchase according to the following accounting policies:

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified in this category at inception if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term, if it forms part of a portfolio of financial assets in which there is evidence of short-term profit taking, or if so designated by management in terms of the Group's and Company's investment strategy.

For the purpose of these annual financial statements, short term is defined as any period of less than 12 months. Investments which the Group and Company have elected to designate at fair value through profit or loss are investments held for long-term. For the purpose of these annual financial statements, long-term is defined as any period in excess of 12 months.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Group and the Company have a positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity investments and are included in non-current assets, except for maturities within 12 months from the statement of financial position date which are classified as current assets. This category also includes all assets that are not designated either at fair value through profit or loss or as fair value through other comprehensive income.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets that are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and are included in non-current assets unless management has the express intention of holding the investments for less than 12 months from the statement of financial position date or unless they will be sold to raise operating capital, in which case they are included in current assets. Fair value through other comprehensive income investments include listed and unlisted shares, unit trusts, deposits and money market securities.

(iv) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market that are created by the Group or Company in exchange for providing money, goods or services directly to a debtor, other than those that originated with the intention to sell immediately or in the short-term or shares designated at fair value through profit or loss. Receivables arising from insurance contracts are also classified in this category and are reviewed for impairment as part of the overall impairment review of loans and receivables.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Non-derivative financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued) Investments (continued)

(v) Other

Other non-derivative financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Recognition and measurement

Financial instrument purchases and disposals are initially measured at cost and are recognised using trade date accounting. The trade date is the date on which the Group and/or the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Subsequent to initial measurement, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are carried at fair value, while the held-to-maturity investments and loans – receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

A provision for impairment of held-to-maturity investments and loans and receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group or Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to their original terms.

Financial instruments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or where they have been transferred and the Group and/or the Company has also transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Gains or losses

Realised and unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value through other comprehensive income investments are recognised in other comprehensive income. When investments classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments are included in the profit or loss as net realised gains or losses on non-derivative financial instruments.

Fair value

Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

The fair value of investments is based on quoted bid prices for listed instruments and collective investments schemes are valued using the repurchase price. The use of cash flow models is applied for non-active market instruments. Fair values for unlisted investments are estimated using applicable cash flow models or price/earnings ratios refined to reflect the specific circumstances of each investment. Where the fair value of an investment cannot be measured reliably, the investment is carried at cost less any impairment.

Offsetting

Where a legally enforceable right to offset exists for recognised financial assets and financial liabilities and there is an intention to settle the liability and realise the asset simultaneously or to settle on a net basis, all related financial effects are offset.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at cost, net of transaction costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with the interest expense being recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating the corresponding interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability or where appropriate, a shorter period.

In accordance with the definition of a financial liability contained in IAS 32: Financial Instruments: Presentation, the Group and Company classify the following statement of financial position items as financial liabilities:

- Borrowings
- Reinsurance liabilities;
- Trade and other payables;
- Insurance liabilities; and
- Provision for liabilities arising from a contractual relationship with existing Group and Company staff.

1.8 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions and valuation techniques. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. The changes in fair value of derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

1.9 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets excluding goodwill

The Group and/or the Company assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets other than those carried at fair value through profit or loss is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group and/or the Company about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
- A breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in payments;
- Adverse changes in the payment status of issuers or debtors; and
- · Economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the Group and/or the Company.

All impairment losses are recognised in the income statement as soon as they are identified.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

The Group and/or the Company assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is impaired, including, in the case of equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its costs. If any such evidence exists, the cumulative loss, which is measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value of the investment, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed and recognised in the income statement, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Non-financial assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

1.10 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks and investments of three months or less in money market instruments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value with reference to expected cash flows and current market interest rates.

1.11 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

1.12 Share capital

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

1.13 Insurance contracts

Classification of insurance contracts

The Group and/or Company issues contracts which transfer insurance risk or financial risk or, in some cases, both.

Insurance contracts are those contracts under which the Group and/or Company (as insurer) accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder or other beneficiary if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects them. Such contracts may also transfer financial risk. As a general guideline, the Group and Company define a significant insurance risk as the possibility of having to pay benefits on the occurrence of an insured event that are at least 10% more than the benefits payable if the insured event did not occur.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.13 Insurance contracts (continued)

Classification of insurance contracts (continued)

Receipts and payments under insurance contracts are accounted for in the income statement in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 4: Insurance Contracts.

The Group and/or Company classifies financial guarantee business as insurance contracts.

Management of insurance and financial risk

As is stated above, the Group and/or Company issues contracts that transfer insurance risk or financial risk, or in some instances both. This section summarises these risks and the way in which the Group and/or Company manages them.

Dremiumo

Gross premiums comprise the premiums on contracts entered into during the year, irrespective of whether they relate in whole or in part to a later accounting period and are disclosed gross of commission to intermediaries and exclude Value Added Tax. Premiums written include adjustments to premiums written in prior periods.

Outward reinsurance premiums are recognised as an expense in accordance with the pattern of indemnity received. Reinsurance commissions received are recognised as income over the term of the reinsurance contract.

Unearned premium provision

Premiums are earned from the date the risk attaches, over the indemnity period, based on the pattern of the risk underwritten. Unearned premiums, which represent the proportion of premiums written in the current year which relate to risks that have not expired by the end of the financial year, are calculated on a time-proportionate basis for even risk contracts and other bases that best represent the unearned risk profile for uneven risk contracts.

Deferred acquisition costs

Deferred acquisition costs consist of commissions and other variable costs directly connected with acquisition or renewal of insurance contracts. The deferred acquisition costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the average term of the policies, from one to five years. Deferred acquisition costs are regularly tested for impairment using the liability adequacy test as per IFRS 4. The deferred acquisition cost is not reinstated once written off.

Claims incurred

Claims incurred consist of claims and claims handling expenses paid during the financial year, together with the movement in the provision for outstanding claims and are charged to income as incurred.

The provision for outstanding claims comprises the Group's and/or Company's estimate of the undiscounted ultimate cost of settling all claims incurred but unpaid at the statement of financial position date, whether reported or not. Related anticipated reinsurance recoveries are disclosed separately as assets.

The majority of the Group's and Company's IBNR is calculated as a percentage of net earned premium as prescribed by Board Notice 169 of 2011. This percentage is a best estimate reserve, which represents the expected value of the unreported claims liabilities. Different percentages are applicable for different classes of business and appropriateness is assessed against the Group's and Company's past claims experience.

The Company's internal actuaries review the adequacy of the Company's claims provisions. The chain ladder method which involves the analysis of historical claims development factors and the selection of the estimated development factors based on the historical pattern is used to assess the adequacy of the reserves calculated according to Interim Measure principles. Where the Interim Measure reserves prove to be too low an additional reserve is raised.

Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the annual financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made and disclosed separately.

Unexpired risk provision and liabilities and related assets under liability adequacy tests

Provision is made for unexpired risks where the expected value of claims and expenses attributable to the unexpired periods of policies in force at the statement of financial position date exceeds the unearned premium provision in relation to such policies.

Liability adequacy tests are performed at the statement of financial position date to ensure the adequacy of the liability raised. Current best estimates of future contractual cash flows, claims handling and administration expenses are used in performing these tests. Any deficiency is recognised in income for the year (unexpired risk provision).

Reinsurance

The Group and/or Company cedes reinsurance in the normal course of business for the purpose of limiting its net loss potential. Reinsurance arrangements do not relieve the Group and/or Company from its direct obligations to its policyholders. Premiums ceded and claims reimbursed are reflected in the income statement and statement of financial position separately from the gross amounts.

Only those reinsurance contracts which give rise to a significant transfer of insurance risk are accounted for as reinsurance. Amounts recoverable under such contracts are recognised in the same year as the related claim. Reinsurance contracts that do not transfer significant insurance risk are accounted for as financial assets. Amounts recoverable under reinsurance contracts are assessed for impairment at each statement of financial position date.

Such assets are deemed impaired if there is objective evidence, as a result of an event that occurred after its initial recognition, that the Group and/or Company may not recover all amounts due and that there is a reliably measurable impact on the amounts that the Group and/or Company will receive from the reinsurer. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

Salvage and subrogation reimbursements

Some insurance contracts permit the Group and/or Company to sell property acquired in settling a claim. The Group and/or Company may also have the right to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs. Estimates of salvage recoveries and subrogation reimbursements are considered as an allowance in the measurement of the liability for claims.

1.14 Revenue

The accounting policy in relation to revenue from insurance contracts is disclosed in note 1.13.

Interest income and finance cost

Interest income and expenditure for all interest bearing financial instruments, including financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, is recognised within investment income and finance costs in the income statement using the effective-interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group and/or Company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

Dividend income

Dividend income for equities is recognised when the right to receive payment is established, which is the last day to trade in respect of quoted shares and when declared in respect of unquoted shares.

Rental income

Rental income from investment properties is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease.

1.15 Employee benefits

Pension and provident scheme arrangements

The Group and Company operate defined contribution pension and provident funds. Contributions to the funds in respect of present service are charged against income as incurred. Contributions are adjusted periodically to take account of salary increases and any other changing circumstances. The Group and Company have no further obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group and Company operate several bonus and profit share plans for the benefit of employees. A provision is recognised when the Group and/or Company is contractually obliged to pay the profit share or bonus to its employees or where a past practice has created a constructive obligation to do so.

Leave pay

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long-service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. Provision is made for the estimated liability of this leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when an employee's employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts a voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group and Company recognise termination benefits in the income statement when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed, formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or where it is committed to providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy.

Equity compensation plan

The Group and Company operate a cash-settled equity compensation plan for the benefit of black employees of the Group and Company. The options issued or granted to employees were raised as a liability and recognised in the income statement immediately or over the vesting period. The liability was measured annually until settled and any changes in value were recognised in profit or loss.

The scheme had been wound up during the 2011 financial year and the balance transferred to equity.

Other post-employment obligations

The Group and Company have no obligation for post-retirement medical benefits in respect of pensioners, former employees or current employees.

1.16 Taxation

Income taxation on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred taxation. Taxable profit differs from profits as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes items that are never taxable nor deductible. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case the related income tax is also recognised in equity.

Income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.16 Taxation (continued)

Current taxation

Current taxation is the expected taxation payable using taxation rates enacted at statement of financial position date, including any prior year adjustments.

A withholding tax on dividends replaced STC with effect from 1 April 2012. The Company is exempt from paying withholding tax on dividends received as it is a company tax resident in the Republic of South Africa.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at current tax rates, on the comprehensive basis, using the statement of financial position liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group and/or Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

1.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and/or Company has a present legal or constructive obligation of uncertain timing or amount as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured as the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. When the effect of discounting is material, provisions are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. When there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

1.18 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest rate method.

1.19 Operating leases

Leases of assets under which the lessor effectively retains all the risks and benefits of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. When an operating lease is terminated, any payment required by the lessor by way of a penalty is recognised as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

1.20 Dividend distribution

Dividend distributions to the Group's and/or Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Group's and/or Company's financial statements in the period in which the Board of Directors approve the dividend.

2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Group and/or Company makes certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the annual financial statements

2.1 Claims incurred

The estimation of the ultimate liability arising from claims made under insurance contracts is the Group's and/or Company's most critical accounting estimate. These estimates rely on the assumption that past experience adjusted for the effect of current developments and likely trends is an appropriate basis for predicting future events. The Group's and/or Company's estimates and assumptions are reviewed, and updated and the tools with which it monitors and manages risk is refined as new information becomes available.

The Group's and/or Company's processes for determining significant reserving assumptions are outlined in note 21.

2.2 Valuation of unlisted investments

The Group and Company determine the fair value of its unlisted investments using well established valuation techniques. These techniques include discounted cash flow analysis, price earnings ratio and net asset value methodologies. Where the underlying investments of an investment holding company are property or listed investments, the company is valued on the net asset value basis which reflects the fair value of the underlying investments.

Insurance companies are valued on a discounted cash flow basis. In instances where reliable future cash flows cannot be estimated, the valuation is based on a price earnings valuation technique. In the event that no cash flow information is available, the valuation is based on the net asset value of the business.

In using discounted cash flow analyses, the discount rate used is based on the build-up method which incorporates a risk-free rate of 5.96%, an equity risk premium and an unsystematic risk premium.

In using the price earnings valuation technique, the valuation is based on a PE multiple of the current years' normalised earnings. The potential future earnings of the company, current interest rate cycle, current business environment and management of the company are considered in determining the earnings factor.

Due to the number and the diversity of investments the disclosure of a sensitivity analysis has not been prepared as it does not provide the user of the financial statements with a meaningful comparison.

The year-end valuations are approved by the Investment Committee.

3. Financial risk management

Introduction

The Group's and/or Company's principal objectives are to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern and to provide value to its shareholders and policyholders through a long-term, sustainable real return on capital as a result of managing its business risks within an appropriate risk framework. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishing, monitoring and communicating the Group's and Company's risk management framework, including defining what constitute "appropriate" risk and control policies, and for ensuring that sufficient capital is held to support the taking of risk. In order to discharge some of its responsibility, the Board has established the Risk and Compliance Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's and Company's risk management policies. The Committee reports regularly to the Board on its activities.

The Group's and Company's risk management policies were established to identify and analyse the risks it faces, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risk and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in both market conditions and the Group's and Company's activities. The Group and Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aim to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees, brokers and partners understand their roles and obligations.

The Group's Risk and Compliance Committee oversees the way management monitors compliance with its established risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group and Company. The Risk and Compliance Committee is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit, which undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to stakeholders in management and to the Group Risk and Compliance

3.1 Exposure to risk arising from financial instruments

The Group and Company have exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk.

This section presents information about the Group's and Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated annual financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's and Company's risk management framework. The Board has established the Group Risk and Compliance Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's and Company's risk management policies. The Committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

3.1.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group and Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Key areas where the Group and Company are exposed to credit risk are:

- amounts due from insurance policyholders;
- amounts due from underwriting agencies and brokers;
- amounts due from insurance contract intermediaries and third-party recoveries;
- investments and cash equivalents;
- reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities; and
- amounts due from reinsurers and third parties in respect of claims already paid.

Insurance debtors, loans and other receivables

The Group and Company limit the levels of credit risk that it accepts by placing limits on its exposure to a single counterparty or groups of counterparties, products, and to geographical and industry segments. The levels are subject to annual or more frequent reviews. Internal Audit also makes regular reviews to assess the degree of compliance with the Group's procedures on credit.

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3. Financial risk management (continued)

3.1 Exposure to risk arising from financial instruments (continued)

3.1.1 Credit risk (continued)

The Group's and Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each intermediary and the portfolios that they administer. A significant amount of the Group's and Company's insurance business is written through and administered by intermediaries, the majority of which have been transacting with the Group and Company for most of their existence. The credit control function forms an integral part of the business relationship to the extent that the intermediaries are closely monitored on many levels, including product profitability and return on capital. The Group and Company are also protected by guarantees provided by the intermediary guarantee facility for the non-payment of premiums collected by intermediaries.

The Group and Company provide for impairment in respect of its insurance debtors, loans and other receivables. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss component established for groups of similar assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified. The collective loss allowance is determined based on historical data of payment statistics for similar financial assets.

Investments

The Group and Company have a dedicated Investment Committee that monitors and approves the investment mandates stipulated by the Board. The Group and Company, through the said mandates, limit its exposure to credit risk through diversification and by mainly investing in liquid securities and various counterparties that have a minimum credit rating of Al from internationally recognised credit rating agencies and A from Moody's, or where such rating is not available, by internal analysis according to strict criteria. Given these high credit rating requirements, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

The Group and Company seek to avoid concentration of credit risk to groups of counterparties, asset management houses, business sectors, product types, and geographical segments by diversifying the investment mandate to various asset management houses and enforcing a strict application of mandates. Financial assets are graded and invested according to this framework and the Investment Committee regularly reviews compliance to that effect.

The analysis of credit quality of the Group's and Company's assets is disclosed in note 4 on pages 26 to 35 of the financial statements.

Reinsurance

Reinsurance is used to manage insurance risk. Under the terms of reinsurance agreements, reinsurers agree to reimburse the ceded amount in the event that a gross claim is paid. However, the Group and Company remain liable to its policyholders regardless of whether the reinsurer meets the obligations it has assumed. Consequently, the Group and Company are exposed to credit risk.

The Group and Company have exposure to concentration risk with individual reinsurers due to the nature of the reinsurance market and the restricted range of reinsurers that have acceptable credit ratings. The creditworthiness of reinsurers is considered annually by reviewing their financial strength prior to finalisation of any contract. The Group's and Company's largest reinsurance counterparty is Hannover Re. This exposure is monitored on a regular basis for any shortfall in the claims history to verify that the contract is progressing as expected and that no further exposure for the Group and Company will arise.

The Group and Company monitor the financial condition of reinsurers on an ongoing basis and reviews reinsurance arrangements periodically. The Group and Company have a Reinsurance and Underwriting Committee that is responsible for setting the minimum security criteria for acceptable reinsurance and monitoring the purchase of reinsurance against those criteria. When selecting a reinsurer the Group and Company consider its security. This is assessed from public rating information and from internal investigations.

3.1.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and/or Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's and Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's and/or Company's reputation.

The Group and Company are exposed to daily calls on its available cash resources mainly from claims arising from short-term insurance contracts. The Investment Committee sets limits on the minimum proportion of maturing funds to be available to meet such calls to cover claims at unexpected levels of demand.

Based on actuarial modelling of historical and future expected trends, the Group and Company have estimated the probable cash outflows associated with general insurance liabilities. The maturity analysis of the gross insurance liabilities is set out in note 4.2.3 on page 31. The maturity profile of the related insurance and investment assets is expected to be similar to the profile of the liabilities. The Group and Company have taken into account that the unearned premium provision, which will be recognised as earned premium in the future, will not lead to claim cash outflows equal to this provision. This has been taken into account in estimating future cash outflows associated with insurance liabilities.

3.1.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's and Company's income or the value of its holdings of insurance assets and financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the Group's and Company's return on investment.

Financial assets and liabilities that are utilised to support the Group's and Company's capital base are fully exposed to the relevant elements of market risk. In summary, the key components of market risk are:

(a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk arising from fair value and/or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuating from their expected values as a result of changes in exchange rates. This can arise from either a mismatch between currencies of assets or liabilities or supporting capital or the trading currency of the local entity being different to the Group's and Company's reporting currencies.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk for transactions that are denominated in a currency other than Rand. This exposure is limited to the operations of the Mozambique and Botswana foreign subsidiaries, transactions with foreign reinsurers, debt securities and equity investments in foreign companies. These foreign investments were made for the purposes of obtaining favourable international exposure to foreign currency and are monitored by the Investment Committee. The Group and Company uses limited derivative instruments to manage this risk which is assessed on an ongoing basis by the Investment Committee. The table in note 4.3.1 on page 32 of the annual financial statements illustrates the split of assets and liabilities of the Group per major currency.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk arising from fair value and/or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuating from their expected values as a result of changes in market interest rates.

Changes in market interest rates have a direct effect on the contractually determined cash flows associated with floating rate financial assets and liabilities and on the fair value of fixed rate instrument in the Group's and Company's investment portfolios. The Group's and Company's fixed interest rate investments do not give rise to significant interest rate risk. Furthermore, the majority of interest sensitive investments are short-term, therefore the impact is minimal. The Group and Company do not use derivative instruments to manage this risk other than an ongoing assessment by the Investment Committee of market expectations within the South African market to determine an optimal asset allocation in interest sensitive investments.

Insurance liabilities are not directly sensitive to the level of market interest rates, as they are not discounted and are contractually non-interest bearing. The sensitivity analysis for interest rate illustrates how changes in the fair values or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates at the reporting date.

(c) Other market price (or equity) risk

Equity risk is the risk arising from the actual fair value and/or the future cash flows from equities fluctuating from their expected values as a result of changes in market prices and/or dividend amounts.

Equity price risk arises from listed, fair value through profit or loss, equity securities held on behalf of the policyholders and the shareholder. The equity selection and investment analysis process is supported by a well developed research function utilising professional advisors. Within these parameters, investments are managed with the aim of maximising policyholders' returns while limiting risks to acceptable levels within the framework of statutory requirements.

The Group and Company are assisted by external asset managers in this regard. In accordance with this strategy certain investments are designated at fair value through profit or loss because their performance is actively monitored and they are managed on a fair value basis. The Investment Committee actively monitors equity assets, listed and unlisted, owned by the Group and Company, which include some material shareholding in the Group's and Company's strategic partners. Concentrations of specific equity holdings are also monitored.

3.1.4 Capital management

The Group and Company recognise share capital and premium, non-distributable reserves and retained earnings as capital.

In each country in which the Group operates, the local insurance regulator specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by each of the subsidiaries in addition to their insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital must be maintained at all times. The Company submits quarterly and annual returns to the Financial Services Board (FSB) in terms of the Short-term Insurance Act 1998, and is required at all times to maintain a statutory surplus asset ratio as defined in the Act. Interim measures will be replaced in 2017 by new solvency requirements being developed in the FSB's Solvency Assessment and Management (SAM) initiative). The returns submitted during the year showed that the Company met the minimum capital requirements throughout the year. The operating subsidiaries also met their respective solvency requirements.

In addition to the regulatory capital requirements, the Company calculates its economic capital requirement using an internal stochastic model. This model is used in the assessment of strategic business and investment decisions and in the allocation of capital to various initiatives.

The Group's and Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- comply with the insurance capital requirements required by the regulators of the insurance markets where the Group and Company operate;
- prepare for the new solvency regime in South Africa in 2017;
- safeguard the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and other stakeholders;
- provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing insurance contracts commensurately with the level of risk;
- ensure that it maintains a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value; and
- manage its capital structure and make adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

4. Risk management

4.1 Credit risk

(a) Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial and insurance assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Carrying value of financia		Net credit exposure		
GROUP	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
Financial assets					
Investments in associates	158 864	163 536	_	_	
Loans to associates	10 141	10 141	10 141	10 141	
Listed investments (Financial assets at fair value through profit		7/0.000			
and loss) Unlisted investments (Financial assets at fair value through profit	712 451	749 680	175 355	_	
and loss)	1 912 246	2 586 813	716 119	1 020 341	
Financial assets held-to-maturity	50 670	87 511	50 670	87 511	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	1 388	_	_	
Loans – interest bearing	39 146	64 094	39 146	64 094	
Loans – non-interest bearing	4 109	4 109	4 109	4 109	
Other loans and receivables	295 010	293 879	295 010	293 879	
Cash and cash equivalents	2 179 384	2 962 959	2 179 384	2 962 959	
Non-current assets held for sale	2 233 887	344 012	_	_	
Insurance assets					
Insurance receivables	1 722 596	1 443 146	1722 596	1 443 146	
Deferred acquisition costs	144 297	163 468	-	-	
Reinsurance assets	2 606 898	2 525 610	2 606 898	2 525 610	
Total	12 069 699	11 400 346	7 799 428	8 411 790	
COMPANY					
Financial assets					
Investments in subsidiaries	41 220	734 552	-	_	
Loans to subsidiaries	58 379	58 379	58 379	58 379	
Investments in associates	178 182	285 308	-	_	
Loans to associates	10 141	10 141	10 141	10 141	
Listed investments (Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss)	674 128	707 287	137 032	_	
Unlisted investments (Financial assets at fair value through profit					
and loss)	1 912 246	2 162 648	716 119	653 755	
Financial assets - held-to-maturity	50 670	_	50 670	_	
Loans – interest bearing	39 146	62 990	39 146	62 990	
Loans – non-interest bearing	4 109	4 109	4 109	4 109	
Other loans and receivables	288 955	242 502	288 955	242 502	
Cash and cash equivalents	2 173 264	2 359 354	2 173 264	2 359 354	
Non-current assets held for sale	746 405	390 273	-	-	
Insurance assets					
Insurance receivables	1 722 596	1 242 556	1722 596	1 242 556	
Deferred acquisition costs Reinsurance assets	144 297 2 606 898	155 022 2 046 119	2 606 898	2 046 119	
Total	10 650 636	10 461 240	7 807 309	6 679 905	

- (b) The Group and Company's maximum exposure to listed investments and bonds by industry at the reporting date was as follows:
 (i) Listed investments(*)

	Carrying value						
	GRO	OUP	СОМЕ	PANY			
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000			
Industry							
Automobiles and parts	266	_	266	_			
Banks	111 315	101 542	111 315	101 542			
Basic resources	996	2 247	996	2 247			
Chemicals	874	990	874	990			
Financial services	27 059	25 834	27 059	25 834			
Food and beverages	2 448	3 814	2 448	2 937			
Healthcare	2 139	2 041	2 139	2 041			
Industrial goods and services	1 106	770	1 106	770			
Insurance	556 269	602 569	517 946	561 053			
Media	2 240	1 895	2 240	1 895			
Personal and household goods	2 130	2 057	2 130	2 057			
Real estate	1 967	1 810	1 967	1 810			
Retail	1 581	2 070	1 581	2 070			
Technology	556	313	556	313			
Telecommunications	_	572	_	572			
Travel and Leisure	1 505	1 156	1 505	1 156			
	712 451	749 680	674 128	707 287			
(*) Includes both financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.							
Bonds							
Industry							
Financial services	20 207	_	20 207	_			
Industrial goods and services		10 262		_			
Telecommunications	_	671	_	_			
Banks	30 463	51 529	30 463	_			
Government	-	11 645	-	_			
Petroleum	_	13 404	-	-			
	50 670	87 511	50 670	-			

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4. Risk management (continued)

4.1 Credit risk (continued)

(c) Credit rating

The following table provides information regarding the Group's and Company's aggregated credit quality of financial and insurance assets that are neither past due nor impaired at the reporting date.

GROUP	AA+ R'000	AA R'000	AA- R'000	A+ R'000	A R'000	A- R'000	BBB+ R'000	BBB- R'000	BBB R'000	BB+ R'000	BB R'000	BB- R'000	Not rated R'000	Total R'000
2016														
Loans to associates Financial assets held-to-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 141	10 141
maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30 463	-	-	-	-	20 207	50 670
Listed investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	132 552	4 480		_		38 323	175 355
Unlisted investments Other loans and receivables													716 119 338 265	716 119 338 265
Cash and cash equivalents Insurance assets	_	=	_	=	20 346	-	-	2 112 913	=	=	39 957	=	6 168	2 179 384
Insurance receivables Reinsurance assets	_	- 453 654	- 214 428	_ 283 222	- 25 558	- 450 694	- 25 854	- 6 578	_ 257 692	- 14 304	- 9 778	_	1 722 596 865 136	1722 596 2 606 898
Total	-	453 654	214 428	283 222	45 904	450 694	25 854	2 282 506	262 172	14 304	49 735	-	3 716 955	7 799 428
2015														
Loans to associates Financial assets held-to-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 141	10 141
maturity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87 511	87 511
Unlisted investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	1 020 341	1 020 341
Other loans and receivables Cash and cash equivalents Insurance assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 265 628	-	1 060 914	-	37 848	-	362 082 598 569	362 082 2 962 959
Insurance receivables	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1 443 146	1 443 146
Reinsurance assets	726	4 688	535 145	299 218	124 600	90 294	245 995	39 547	10 484	(43)	168	1 918	1 172 870	2 525 610
Total	726	4 688	535 145	299 218	124 600	90 294	1 511 623	39 547	1 071 398	(43)	38 016	1 918	4 694 660	8 411 790
2011	AA+	AA	AA-	A+	A	A-	BBB+	BBB-	BBB	BB+	BB	BB-	Not rated	Total
COMPANY	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
2016														
Loans to subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58 379	58 379
Loans to associates Financial assets held-to-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 141	10 141
maturity	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	30 463	-	-	-	-	20 207	50 670
Listed investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	132 552	4 480		_			137 032
Unlisted investments	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	716 119	716 119
Other loans and receivables	_	_	_	_	-				_		-		332 210	332 210
Cash and cash equivalents Insurance assets	_	_	_	_	20 346	_	_	2 112 913	_	_	39 957	_	47	2 173 264
Insurance receivables Reinsurance assets	Ξ.	453 654	214 428	283 222	25 558	450 694	25 854	6 578	257 692	14 304	9 778	_	1 722 596 865 136	1722 596 2 606 898
Total	-	453 654	214 428	283 222	45 904	450 694	25 854	2 282 506	262 172	14 304	49 735	-	3 724 836	7 807 309
2015														
Loans to subsidiaries	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	58 379	58 379
Loans to associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 141	10 141
Unlisted investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	653 755	653 755
Other loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	309 601	309 601
Cash and cash equivalents Insurance assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 264 672	-	1 056 785	-	37 848	-	49	2 359 354
Insurance receivables	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1 242 556	1 242 556
Reinsurance assets	726	4 688	535 145	299 218	124 600	90 294	245 995	39 547	10 484	168	(43)	1 918	693 381	2 046 121
Total	726	4 688	535 145	299 218	124 600	90 294	1 510 667		1 067 269	168	37 805	1 918	2 967 862	6 679 907

(d) Financial and insurance assets that are neither past due nor impaired

The analysis of financial instruments that were neither past due nor impaired and/or individually impaired at the reporting date was as follows:

		GR	OUP		COMPANY				
	Neither past due nor impaired R'000	Past due but not impaired R'000	Individually impaired R'000	Gross carrying amount R'000	Neither past due nor impaired R'000	Past due but not impaired R'000	Individually impaired R'000	Gross carrying amount R'000	
2016			'		,		1		
Loans to subsidiaries	_	-	_	_	31 687	-	39 291	70 978	
Loans to associates	10 141	-	2 713	12 854	10 141	_	2 713	12 854	
Financial assets held-to-maturity	50 670	-	-	50 670	50 670	-	-	50 670	
Unlisted investments	716 119	-	-	716 119	716 119	-	-	716 119	
Other loans and receivables	549 329	39 433	(9 710)	579 052	549 329	39 433	(9 710)	579 052	
Cash and cash equivalents	2 179 384	-	_	2 179 384	2 173 264	-	_	2 173 264	
Financial assets	3 505 643	39 433	(6 997)	3 538 079	3 531 210	39 433	32 294	3 602 937	
Insurance receivables	1722 596	15 078	_	1 737 674	1 722 596	15 078	_	1 737 674	
Reinsurance assets	2 606 898	111 209	-	2 718 107	2 606 898	111 209	-	2 718 107	
Insurance assets	4 329 494	126 287	-	4 455 781	4 329 494	126 287	-	4 455 781	
2015									
Loans to subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	58 379	-	12 462	70 841	
Loans to associates	10 141	-	2 713	12 854	10 141	-	2 713	12 854	
Loans to joint venture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial assets held-to-maturity	87 511	-	-	87 511	-	-	-	-	
Unlisted investments	1 020 341	-	-	1 020 341	653 755	-	-	653 755	
Other loans and receivables	328 052	34 030	42 680	404 762	277 925	31 676	48 820	358 421	
Cash and cash equivalents	2 962 959	-		2 962 959	2 359 354	-		2 359 354	
Financial assets	4 409 004	34 030	45 393	4 488 427	3 359 554	31 676	63 995	3 455 225	
Insurance receivables	1 389 009	54 137	25 471	1 468 617	1 242 556	-	24 952	1 267 508	
Reinsurance assets	2 525 610	-	-	2 525 610	2 046 119	-	-	2 046 119	
Insurance assets	3 914 619	54 137	25 471	3 994 227	3 288 675	-	24 952	3 313 627	

(e) Age analysis of other loans and receivables and premium debtors that are past due but not impaired

			GROUP				(COMPANY	,	
	<30 days R'000	31 to 60 days R'000	61 to 90 days R'000	More than 90 days R'000	Total past due but not impaired R'000	<30 days R'000	31 to 60 days R'000	61 to 90 days R'000	More than 90 days R'000	Total past due but not impaired R'000
2016										
Other loans and receivables	927	563	1 211	36 732	39 433	927	563	1 211	36 732	39 433
Insurance receivables	_	_	_	15 078	15 078	_	_	_	15 078	15 078
Reinsurance assets	-	13 599	8 710	88 900	111 209	-	13 599	8 710	88 900	111 209
	927	14 162	9 921	140 710	165 719	927	14 162	9 921	140 711	165 720
2015										
Other loans and receivables	_	272	2 380	31 378	34 030	_	272	26	31 378	31 676
Insurance receivables	-	-	20 077	34 060	54 137	-	-	-	-	-
	-	272	22 457	65 438	88 167	-	272	26	31 378	31 676

The Group and Company record impairment allowances for loans and receivables in a separate impairment allowance account. The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of loans and receivables and premium debtors for the Group and Company during the year was as follows:

arming and grant grant are an armine.				
	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Balance at beginning of the year	78 961	80 520	73 772	83 234
- Collective impairment loss recognised	26 860	19 508	26 860	6 475
- Collective impairment loss reversed	(14 608)	(20 540)	(14 608)	(15 937)
- Net foreign currency translation differences	-	(527)	-	_
Balance at end of the year	91 212	78 961	86 024	73 772

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4. Risk management (continued)

4.2 Liquidity risk

4.2.1 Maturity profile on financial and insurance assets

The following tables detail the Group's and Company's contractual maturities of financial and insurance assets, including interest nauments:

		Total				
	Carrying amount	contractual	0 - 12 months	One to two years	Two to five years	More than five years
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
GROUP		,				
2016						
Loans to associates	10 141	12 854	12 854	_	_	_
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	2 624 698	2 624 698	2 360 630	263 342	726	-
Held-to-maturity assets	50 670	50 670	-	10 106	40 564	_
Reinsurance assets Insurance, loans and other	2 606 898	2 606 898	2 606 898	_	_	_
receivables	2 060 861	2 060 861	2 060 861	_	_	_
Deferred acquisition costs	144 297	144 297	144 297	_	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents	2 179 384	2 179 384	2 179 384	-	-	-
	9 676 949	9 679 662	9 364 924	273 448	41 290	-
2015						
Loans to associates	10 141	12 854	12 854	_	-	-
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	3 336 493	2 712 273	2 463 873	248 400	-	_
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income	1 388	1 388	1 388	_	_	_
Held-to-maturity assets	87 511	87 511	27 029	43 246	17 236	_
Reinsurance assets	2 525 610	2 525 610	2 248 405	277 205	-	-
Insurance, loans and other receivables	1 805 228	1 400 017	1 651 701	F 000	11 256	
Deferred acquisition costs	163 468	1 468 617 163 468	1 451 731 128 497	5 630 23 570	11 401	_
Cash and cash equivalents	2 962 959	2 962 959	2 962 959	23 370	-	_
·	10 892 798	9 934 680	9 296 736	598 051	39 893	
COMPANY						
2016						
Loans to subsidiaries	58 379	70 978	70 978	_	_	_
Loans to associates	10 141	12 855	12 855	_	_	_
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	2 586 374	2 586 312	2 322 244	263 342	726	-
Held-to-maturity assets Reinsurance assets	50 670 2 606 898	50 670 2 606 898	2 606 898	10 106	40 564	_
Insurance, loans and other	2 606 656	2 606 656	2 606 656	_	_	_
receivables	2 054 806	2 054 806	2 054 806	_	_	_
Deferred acquisition costs	144 297	144 297	144 297	_	-	_
Cash and cash equivalents	2 173 264	2 173 264	2 173 264	_	_	_
	9 684 829	9 700 080	9 385 342	273 448	41 290	-
2015						
Loans to subsidiaries	58 379	70 841	70 841	_	-	_
Loans to associates	10 141	12 854	12 854	_	_	_
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2 869 935	2 200 100	2 025 757	249 400	2.052	
Reinsurance assets	2 046 119	2 288 109 2 046 119	2 035 757 1 768 914	248 400 277 205	3 952	_
Insurance, loans and other	2 340 110	2 540 110	. , 00 014	2,7,200		
receivables	1 552 157	1 625 930	1 609 044	5 630	11 256	-
Deferred acquisition costs	155 022	155 022	121 856	22 353	10 813	-
Cash and cash equivalents	2 359 354	2 359 354	2 359 354		_	
	9 051 107	8 558 229	7 978 620	553 588	26 021	-

4.2.2 Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following tables detail the Group's and Company's contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments:

	Carrying amount R'000	Total contractual cash flows R'000	0 – 12 months R'000	One to two years R'000	Two to five years R'000	More than five years R'000
GROUP				'		
2016 Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	_	-	_	_	-	-
Trade and other payables and employee benefits	1 042 821	1 042 821	1 042 821	_	_	_
	1 042 821	1 042 821	1 042 821	_	_	_
2015						
Non-derivative financial liabilities Borrowings Trade and other payables and	354	380	380	-	-	-
employee benefits	1 252 531	1 252 531	1 246 548	-		5 983
	1 252 885	1 252 911	1 246 928	-	_	5 983
COMPANY 2016 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and other payables and						
employee benefits	1 030 101	1 030 101	1 030 101	-	-	-
	1 030 101	1 030 101	1 030 101	-	-	-
2015 Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables and employee benefits	950 154	950 154	950 154	_	_	_
	950 154	950 154	950 154	-	-	-

4.2.3 Maturity profile of insurance liabilities

 $The following table \ details \ the \ Group's \ and \ Company's \ probable \ contractual \ cash \ outflows \ associated \ with \ insurance \ liabilities:$

	GROUP				COMPANY				
	Probable cash outflows R'000	Maturity within a year R'000	Maturity between two and five years R'000	Maturity more than five years R'000	Probable cash outflows R'000	within	Maturity between two and five years R'000	Maturity more than five years R'000	
2016		1	1	1	1		1	'	
Claims reported and loss									
adjustment expenses	2 596 916	2 219 907	369 926	7 083	2 596 916	2 219 907	369 926	7 083	
Claims incurred but not									
yet reported	704 742	602 430	100 389	1 923	704 742	602 430	100 389	1 923	
Unearned premium provision	1 781 121	1 441 044	340 077	-	1 781 121	1 441 044	340 077	-	
Cash back reserve	32 568	13 236	19 332	-	32 568	13 236	19 332	-	
Unexpired risk reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Life fund reserves	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Policyholder liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Provision for claims fluctuations	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Reinsurance liabilities	950 612	950 612	-	-	950 612	950 612	-	-	
	6 065 959	5 227 229	829 724	9 006	6 065 959	5 227 229	829 724	9 006	
2015									
Claims reported and loss									
adjustment expenses	2 433 092	2 159 845	273 247	_	2 020 935	1 743 149	277 786	_	
Claims incurred but not									
yet reported	798 689	696 269	102 420	_	734 676	633 692	100 984	_	
Unearned premium provision	2 077 127	1774 002	303 125	-	1 686 778	1 383 014	303 764	-	
Cash back reserve	36 778	18 713	18 065	_	34 171	13 888	20 283	_	
Unexpired risk reserve	2 214	2 214	-	-	_	_	_	-	
Life fund reserves	4 730	4 730	_	-	_	_	_	-	
Policyholder liabilities	42 812	40 296	2 516	-	-	-	-	_	
Provision for claims fluctuations	6 961	6 961	-	_	-	-	-	_	
Reinsurance liabilities	840 771	840 771	-	-	739 442	739 442	-	-	
	6 243 174	5 543 801	699 373	_	5 216 002	4 513 185	702 817	-	

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4. Risk management (continued)

4.3 Market risk

4.3.1 Sensitivity analysis

The Group's and Company's primary market exposure is to interest rate, equity price and currency risk.

Currency risk

The following exchange rates applied during the year:

GROUP	2 Average rate	016 Reporting date spot rate	2 Average rate	015 Reporting date spot rate
Australian Dollar	10,5539	10,9478	9,4823	9,3795
Botswana Pula	1,3211	1,3273	1,2078	1,2341
Namibian Dollar	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000	1,0000
Mozambique Metical	0,3105	0,2303	0,3424	0,3153
Pakistani Rupee	0,1378	0,1379	0,1129	0,1195
COMPANY				
Australian Dollar	10,5539	10,9478	9,4823	9,3795
British Pound	21,4477	19,4940	18,0430	19,1199
US Dollar	14,4993	14,6573	11,4962	12,1688

A 10% strengthening/devaluation in the relevant foreign currencies against the ZAR at the reporting date would have increased/ (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as for prior year.

GROUP	Profit/(loss) 10% increase R'000	10% decrease R'000	Equity 10% increase R'000	10% decrease R'000
2016				
Australian Dollar	-	-	-	-
British Pound	3 985	(3 985)	3 985	(3 985)
Botswana Pula	_	_	_	_
Mozambique Metical	_	-	-	-
US Dollar	17 570	(17 570)	17 570	(17 570)
	21 555	(21 555)	21 555	(21 555)
2015				
Australian Dollar	9 445	(9 445)	9 445	(9 445)
British Pound	3 879	(3 879)	3 879	(3 879)
Botswana Pula	3 089	(3 089)	11 574	(11 574)
Mozambique Metical	4 031	(4 031)	1 745	(1 745)
US Dollar	11 749	(11 749)	11 749	(11 749)
	32 193	(32 193)	38 392	(38 392)

There is no currency fluctuation effect on the Namibian Dollar.

COMPANY	Profit/(loss) 10% increase R'000	10% decrease R'000	Equity 10% increase R'000	10% decrease R'000
2016				
Australian Dollar	-	-	-	-
British Pound	3 985	(3 985)	3 985	(3 985)
US Dollar	17 570	(17 570)	17 570	(17 570)
	21 555	(21 555)	21 555	(21 555)
2015				
Australian Dollar	9 445	(9 445)	9 445	(9 445)
British Pound	3 879	(3 879)	3 879	(3 879)
US Dollar	11 749	(11 749)	11 749	(11 749)
	25 073	(25 073)	25 073	(25 073)

Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's and Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying amount		
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
GROUP			
Variable rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2 179 384	2 962 959	
Unlisted debentures	175 127	158 169	
	2 354 511	3 121 128	
COMPANY			
Variable rate instruments			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2 173 264	2 359 354	
Unlisted debentures	175 127	158 167	
	2 348 391	2 517 521	

The Group's and Company's fixed rate instruments are not exposed to interest rate risk, therefore no sensitivity analysis is necessary.

Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments of the Group and Company

The Group's and Company's investments in long-term debt and fixed income securities are exposed to fluctuations in interest rates. Exposure to interest rate risk is monitored through several measures that include scenario testing and stress testing using measures such as duration.

The Group does not designate derivatives (interest rate swaps) as hedging instruments under a fair value hedge accounting model.

A change of 200 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased/(decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as for prior year.

	Profit/(loss)		Equ	ıity
	2% increase R'000	2% decrease R'000	2% increase R'000	2% decrease R'000
GROUP				
2016				
Cash and cash equivalents	43 588	(43 588)	43 588	(43 588)
Unlisted debentures	3 463	(3 463)	3 463	(3 463)
Net cash flow sensitivity	47 051	(47 051)	47 051	(47 051)
2015				
Cash and cash equivalents	59 259	(59 259)	59 259	(59 259)
Unlisted debentures	3 001	(3 001)	3 001	(3 001)
Net cash flow sensitivity	62 260	(62 260)	62 260	(62 260)
COMPANY				
2016				
Cash and cash equivalents	35 212	(35 212)	35 212	(35 212)
Unlisted debentures	3 463	(3 463)	3 463	(3 463)
Net cash flow sensitivity	38 675	(38 675)	38 675	(38 675)
2015				
Cash and cash equivalents	27 103	(27 103)	27 103	(27 103)
Unlisted debentures	3 001	(3 001)	3 001	(3 001)
Net cash flow sensitivity	30 104	(30 104)	30 104	(30 104)

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Risk management (continued)

4.3 Market risk (continued)

4.3.1 Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Equity price risk

The Group's and Company's exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date was as follows:

GROUP	2016					
Description of equity investments	Carrying amount R'000	Listed/not listed	Relevant stock exchange	Carrying amount R'000	Listed/not listed	Relevant stock exchange
Ordinary shares	575 419	Listed	JSE	624 219	Listed	JSE
Preference shares	133 112	Listed	JSE	121 541	Listed	JSE
Preference shares	3 920	Listed	LSE	3 920	Listed	LSE
	712 451			749 680		

All of the Group's listed equity investments are listed on the JSE Limited or LSE. For such investments a 5% increase in equity price at reporting date would increase equity and profit or loss by amounts as shown below. A 5% decrease in equity price should have had the equal but opposite effect. The analysis is performed on the same basis as for prior year.

	Profit,	Profit/(loss)		iity
	5% increase R'000	5% decrease R'000	5% increase R'000	5% decrease R'000
2016				
Ordinary shares – Listed	28 851	(28 851)	28 851	(28 851)
Preference shares – Listed	6 852	(6 852)	6 852	(6 852)
	35 703	(35 703)	35 703	(35 703)
2015				
Ordinary shares – Listed	31 211	(31 211)	31 211	(31 211)
Preference shares – Listed	6 273	(6 273)	6 273	(6 273)
	37 484	(37 484)	37 484	(37 484)

COMPANY Description of equity investments	Carrying	2016	Relevant	Carrying	2015	Relevant
	amount	Listed/	stock	amount	Listed/	stock
	R'000	Unlisted	exchange	R'000	Unlisted	exchange
Ordinary shares Preference shares Preference shares	537 096 133 112 3 920 674 128	Listed Listed Listed	JSE JSE LSE	581 826 121 541 3 920 707 287	Listed Listed Listed	JSE JSE LSE

All of the Company's listed equity investments are listed on the JSE Limited or LSE. For such investments a 5% increase in equity price at reporting date would increase equity and profit or loss by amounts as shown below. A 5% decrease in equity price would have had the equal but opposite effect. The analysis is performed on the same basis as for prior year.

	Profit/(loss)		Equity	
	5% increase R'000	5% decrease R'000	5% increase R'000	5% decrease R'000
2016				
Ordinary shares – Listed	28 809	(28 809)	28 809	(28 809)
Preference shares – Listed	6 411	(6 411)	6 411	(6 411)
	35 220	(35 220)	35 220	(35 220)
2015				
Ordinary shares – Listed	32 987	(32 987)	32 987	(32 987)
Preference shares – Listed	6 232	(6 232)	6 232	(6 232)
	39 219	(39 219)	39 219	(39 219)

4.4 Income statement note

(a) Financial income and expenditure

The Group and Company generated the following income and/or incurred the following expenditure in respect of financial instruments during the reporting period, all of which were recognised in profit or loss:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Interest income on held-to-maturity assets Net income on financial assets designated at fair value	113 352 7 305	116 581 12 393	116 620 -	104 659 -
through profit or loss	90 457	43 068	42 654	31 435
Financial income	211 114	172 042	159 274	136 094
Interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	24 639	16 094	24 639	16 039
Financial expense	24 639	16 094	24 639	16 039
Net financial income	186 475	155 948	134 635	120 055
The above financial income and expense items include the following in respect of financial assets/liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss:				
Total interest income	120 657	128 974	116 618	104 659
Total interest expense	(24 639)	(16 094)	(24 639)	(16 039)
	96 018	112 880	91 981	88 620
b) Impairment losses The amount of the impairment loss for each class of financial asset during the reporting period was as follows:				
Impairment of other loans and receivables				
Impairment recognised/(impairment write-back)	(12 251)	(3 322)	(12 251)	(9 462)
Impairment of loans to subsidiaries				
– Impairment write-back	-	_	137	(129)
Impairment of premium debtors				
- Impairment recognised	_	2 291	-	_
Total	(12 251)	(1 031)	(12 114)	(9 591)

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	201 R'00
Duanastic and anciomant	K 000	K 000	K 000	K OC
Property and equipment Cost				
Office equipment	168 702	169 930	168 321	141 1
Motor vehicles	11 692	16 617	11 673	11 49
Leasehold improvements	12 731	14 589	12 731	9 5
	193 125	201 136	192 725	162 18
Accumulated depreciation				
Office equipment	111 684	116 713	111 427	102 0
Motor vehicles	6 317	8 651	6 309	4 5
Leasehold improvements	10 786	12 058	10 786	9 28
	128 787	137 422	128 522	115 9
Net carrying amount				
Office equipment	57 018	53 217	56 894	39 0
Motor vehicles	5 375	7 966	5 364	6 9
Leasehold improvements	1 945	2 531	1945	2
	64 338	63 714	64 203	46 23
Reconciliation of movement on net carrying amount:				
Net carrying amount at beginning of year	63 714	57 227	46 235	45 9
Additions	30 540	28 211	30 540	15 54
Office equipment	27 161	24 613	27 161	13 9
Motor vehicles	179	-	179	
Leasehold improvements	3 200	3 598	3 200	1 6
Additions from non-current held for sale	3 943	-	-	
Office equipment	2 449	-	_	
Motor vehicles	193	-	-	
Leasehold improvements	1 301	_	-	
Disposals	_	(1 380)	_	(3
Office equipment	_	(133)	_	
Motor vehicles	_	(1 231)	_	(3
Leasehold improvements	_	(16)	-	
Write-off	(237)	(454)	-	(1
Office equipment	(237)	(2 731)	-	
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale	(14 017)	_	_	
Depreciation for the year	(12 571)	(19 638)	(12 571)	(14 7
Office equipment	(9 336)	(14 085)	(9 336)	(10 1
Motor vehicles	(1 732)	(2 251)	(1 732)	(1.78
Leasehold improvements	(1 503)	(3 302)	(1 503)	(2 8
Depreciation from non-current held for sale	(6 826)	-	-	
Office equipment	(4 799)	-	_	
Motor vehicles	(378)	-	_	
Leasehold improvements	(1 649)		_	
Net foreign currency translation differences	(208)	(252)	_	
	64 338	63 714	64 203	46 23
Net carrying amount at end of year				
Net carrying amount at end of year Investment property Fair value at beginning of year	53 639	64 661	_	
Investment property	53 639 4 948	64 661 (8 122)		
Investment property Fair value at beginning of year			-	
Investment property Fair value at beginning of year Revaluation reserves		(8 122)	= =	

Investment properties consist of:

- freehold property;
- sectional title located at stand 306 Ferreiras Dorp Township, Province of Gauteng, measuring 1 162 square metres; and
- sectional title located at stand 317 Ferreiras Dorp Township, Province of Gauteng, measuring 1 012 square metres.

The properties are carried at market value as last determined by an independent registered valuator.

Investment properties are not mortgaged as security for any liabilities.

Direct operating expenses incurred on the investment property amount to R2 672 610 (2015: R2 801 460), repairs and maintenance incurred amounts to R320 259 (2015: R185 953).

	GR	OUP	СОМІ	PANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
Intangible assets					
Intangible assets at fair value					
Cost	0.001	00.700	7.000		
Goodwill Acquired rights over books of business	8 631 17 317	26 796 17 317	7 986 17 317	17 317	
Computer software	145 997	112 664	145 997	81 424	
	171 945	156 777	171 299	98 741	
Accumulated amortisation, impairment and fair value adjustments					
Goodwill	-	23 728	-	_	
Acquired rights over books of business	12 473	9 610	12 473	9 610	
Computer software	45 578	37 951	45 578	29 128	
	58 051	71 289	58 051	38 738	
Net carrying amount					
Goodwill Acquired rights over books of business	8 631 4 844	3 068 7 707	7 986 4 844	7 707	
Computer software	100 418	7 707 74 713	100 418	52 296	
55pacs. 55.cma.5	113 894	85 488	113 248	60 003	
Reconciliation of movement on net carrying amount:					
Net carrying amount at beginning of year	85 488	63 615	60 003	21 514	
Additions	77 389	48 167	77 389	40 873	
Goodwill	12 817	_	12 817	_	
Computer software	64 572	48 167	64 572	40 873	
Additions from non-current held for sale	17 576	_	-	-	
Computer software	17 576	-	-	_	
Acquisitions	_	1 589	_	_	
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale	(38 602)	-	-	-	
Write-off	(6 451)	(53)	(4 831)	-	
Impairment, amortisation charge	(21 241)	(27 906)	(19 313)	(2 384)	
Goodwill	-	(23 728)	-	-	
Acquired rights over books of business Computer software	(2 863) (18 378)	(1 814) (2 364)	(2 863) (16 450)	(1 814 (570	
·				(5/0	
Net foreign currency translation differences	(265)	76	_		
Net carrying value at end of year	113 894	85 488	113 248	60 003	

The Group tests goodwill annually for impairment, or more frequently if there are indicators that goodwill might be impaired. As at 30 June 2016, an impairment of R4 831 000 (2015: R23 728 413) was raised relating to the investment in a subsidiary.

The Group and Company hold acquired rights over books of business. These rights are carried at fair value and are revalued annually using actuarial valuation models.

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	CO	MPANY
	2016 R'000	
Interest in subsidiaries Interest in subsidiaries comprise:		
Shares at fair value through profit or loss Loans to subsidiaries	41 220 70 978	
Write-back of impairment on loans	112 198 (12 599	
	99 599	792 93
Non-current	99 599	792 93
Loans bear interest at the following rates: Interest free JIBAR	31 688 26 69	
	58 379	58 379
The loans have the following terms of repayment: No fixed repayment terms	58 379	58 379
	58 379	58 37

Certain loans are secured by assets of the subsidiary to the extent of R30 354 837 and the balance of the loans are unsecured.

Details of subsidiaries are provided in note 48 on page 70 of these annual financial statements.

	GRO	OUP	СОМЕ	PANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
Interest in associates Interest in associates comprise:					
Shares at fair value through profit or loss Shares at equity accounted carrying value Group share of post-acquisition profits Transfer to non-current asset held for sale	4 298 154 567	– 109 218 155 093 (100 775)	178 182 - - -	432 344 - - (147 036)	
Carrying value of associates	158 865	163 536	178 182	285 308	
Loans to associates	10 141	10 141	10 141	10 141	
	169 006	173 677	188 323	295 449	
Loans bear interest at the following rates: Interest free	10 141	10 141	10 141	10 141	
	10 141	10 141	10 141	10 141	

All loans are secured by property of the associate to the extent of R10 141 000.

The loans have no fixed terms of repayment.

The financial position and performance of the Groups' significant associates are categorised by nature of business as follows:

	Investment R'000	Underwriting managers R'000	Property holdings R'000	Short-term insurance R'000	Total R'000
Analysis of associates for 30 June 2016					
Total assets	-	778 547	25 025	-	803 572
Total liabilities	-	326 379	36 147	_	362 526
Net assets	_	452 168	(11 122)	_	441 046
Net profit before taxation	-	67 181	(51)	-	67 130
Taxation	-	(13 809)	-	_	(13 809)
Net profit after taxation	_	53 372	(51)	_	53 321
Group share of post-acquisition profits	-	158 230	(3 025)	-	155 205
Carrying amount of interest in associates	_	158 864	_	_	158 864
Loans to associates	-	_	10 141	_	10 141
Fair valuation of associates (at Company level)	-	178 181	-	-	178 181

Losses incurred by associates are capped to the original investment amount. The carrying amount of our interest in the associates will therefore never be negative. Losses incurred on property holdings have been capped and is currently standing at a cumulative amount of R2 194 719 (2015: R2 195 719).

Analysis of associates for 30 June 2015	Investment R'000	Underwriting managers R'000	Property holdings R'000	Short-term insurance R'000	Total R'000
Total assets	68 033	713 097	24 961	-	806 091
Total liabilities	37 107	282 207	36 075	-	355 389
Net assets	30 926	430 890	(11 114)	_	450 702
Net profit before taxation	12 359	46 622	94 –	-	59 075
Taxation	(3 736)	-		-	(3 736)
Net profit after taxation	8 623	46 622	94	_	55 339
Group share of post-acquisition profits Carrying amount of interest in associates Loans to associates Fair valuation of associates (at Company level)	14 630	147 396	(3 025)	(3 904)	155 097
	14 870	148 664	-	-	163 534
	-	-	10 141	-	10 141
	26 624	258 683	-	-	285 307

Details of associates are provided in note 48 on page 70 of these annual financial statements.

	GR	OUP	СОМІ	PANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets held-to-maturity Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	50 670 2 624 697 2 675 367	1 388 87 511 3 336 493 3 425 392	50 670 2 586 374 2 637 044	2 869 935 2 869 935	
Current Non-current	2 360 630 314 737 2 675 367	3 116 510 308 882 3 425 392	2 322 307 314 737 2 637 044	2 617 582 252 353 2 869 935	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Unlisted investments	-	1 388	-	-	
Financial assets at Held to maturity Debt securities	-	87 511 87 511	-		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Listed investments Unlisted investments Held-to-maturity	712 451 1 912 246 50 670 2 675 367	749 680 2 586 813 - 3 336 493	674 128 1 912 246 50 670 2 637 044	707 287 2 162 648 - 2 869 935	

for the year ended 30 June 2016

10. Financial assets (continued)

An analysis of the Group and Company's financial assets by market sector and maturity spread is provided below.

10 1	Lictod	invoctments:
10.1	LISTER	investments:

	GR	OUP	PANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
At market value	712 451	749 680	674 128	707 287
Analysis of spread of listed investments by market sector	%	%	%	%
Automobiles and parts	0,04	-	0,04	_
Banks	15,62	13,54	16,51	14,36
Basic resources	0,14	0,30	0,15	0,32
Chemicals	0,12	0,13	0,13	0,14
Food and beverage	3,80	3,45	4,01	3,65
Financial services	0,34	0,51	0,36	0,42
Healthcare	0,30	0,27	0,32	0,29
Industrial goods and services	0,16	0,10	0,16	0,11
Insurance	78,08	80,38	76,83	79,32
Media	0,31	0,25	0,33	0,27
Personal and household goods	0,30	0,27	0,32	0,29
Real estate	0,28	0,24	0,29	0,26
Technology	0,08	0,04	0,08	0,04
Retail	0,22	0,28	0,23	0,29
Telecommunications	-	0,08	-	0,08
Travel and leisure	0,21	0,16	0,24	0,16
	100,00	100,00	100,00	100,00

10.2 Unlisted investments

	GRO	OUP	COM	1PANY	
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
At fair value	1 912 246	2 588 201	1 912 246	2 162 648	
	%	%	%	%	
Linked policies	47	31	47	37	
Private equity investments	37	47	37	50	
Debentures	9	6	9	7	
Unit trusts	7	16	7	6	
	100	100	100	100	
Total listed and unlisted investments at fair value	2 624 697	3 337 881	2 586 374	2 869 935	

10.3 Debt securities (Bonds)

	GRO	OUP	COM	PANY	
	R'000	% maturity spread	R'000	% maturity spread	
Analysis of debt securities by maturity spread for 2016					
Zero to one year	_	-	-	-	
One to two years	10 106	20	10 106	20	
Two to five years	40 564	80	40 564	80	
	50 670	100	50 670	100	
Analysis of debt securities by maturity spread for 2015					
One to two years	27 029	31	_	-	
Two to five years	43 246	49	_	-	
More than five years	17 236	20	-	-	
	87 511	100	-	_	

All bonds reported above are listed on the Mozambique stock exchange.

11. Categories and classes of financial and insurance assets and financial and insurance liabilities

ROLP ROLP ROLP ROLP ROLP ROLP ROLP ROLP		Fair value	At amortised		Financial assets at fair value through other		Insurance contract		Total per statement	Fair value
Property		through profit or loss	cost investments				assets and liabilities	Other assets and liabilities	of financial position	of financial instruments
Search Se	GROUP	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
westmerters in sessionalized s	2016									
Searchitus Sea	Assets									
10 14 10	investments in associates	_	_	_	_	_	_	158 864	158 864	158 864
Professional Control	Loans to associates	_	_	10 141	_	10 141	-			
and datable instructurents	Financial assets	3 201 354	95 806	-	2 487	3 299 647	-	_	3 299 647	3 299 647
Instruments 120 124 35 808 - - 1500 1300 300 - 1300 300 300 3										
Eductives 576 310 - - 2.487 578 397 - - 578 797		1 205 124	95 806	_	_	1300 930	_	_	1 300 930	1 300 930
			_	_	2 487		_	_		
Linked policies 884 761 894 761 894 761										
Reinsurance casets recording floating f			_	_			_			
Insurance, loans and their receivables										
ther reactivables - - 142 014 - 142 014 1722 596 196 250 2 680 880 880 2 680 880 880 2 680 880 880 2 680 880 880 2 680 880 880 880 2 680 880 880 880 2 680 880 880 880 880 880 2 680 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880		_	_	_	_	_	2 606 898	_	2 606 898	2 606 898
Table 1	other receivables	_	_	142 014	_	142 014	1722 596	196 250	2 060 860	2 060 860
Cash and cosh Cash	Deferred acquisition									
regulariolates - 2 179 384 - 2 179 384 - 2 179 384 2		_	_	_	_	_	144 297	_	144 297	144 297
1	equivalents	-	-	2 179 384	-	2 179 384	-	-	2 179 384	2 179 384
S	Non-current assets	2 233 887	_	_	_	2 233 887	_	_	2 233 887	2 233 887
	- India For Guid									
ServeyIngs		5 435 241		2 331 333	2 407	7 863 073	4 4/3 /31	333 114	12 033 373	12 033 373
Insurance liabilities				2.054		2.054			2.054	2.054
Telesurance labilities	-	_		5 254			5 115 347			
rade and other objects and other proposed in the proposed in t	Reinsurance liabilities	_	_	_	_	_				
regulations of the control to distribution of the control to d	Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	241 679	241 679	241 679
1586 179	Trade and other	_	_	_	_	_	_	801 142	801 142	801 142
1586 179	Non-current liabilities							551142	001142	001142
Sester Se	held for sale	1 586 179				1 586 179			1 586 179	1 586 179
Nester N		1 586 179		3 254	_	1 589 433	6 065 959	1 042 821	8 698 213	8 698 213
Nestributes in instruments in instrument in instruments in instruments in instruments in instruments in instrument in instru	2015									
183 536 183										
Preference shares and debt instruments 1058 291 87 511 - - - 1388 3 425 392 - - - 3 425 392	associates	_	_	-	-	_	_	163 536	163 536	163 536
Preference shares and debt instruments	Loans to associates			10 141			-			
and debt instruments	Financial assets	3 336 493	87 511	-	1 388	3 425 392	-	_	3 425 392	3 425 392
Instruments										
Equities 1 043 996 - - 1 388 1 045 384 - - 1 045 384 1 045 3		1 058 291	87 511	_	_	1 145 802	_	_	1 145 802	1 145 802
Depoiled funds Linked policies Billo 039 - - -			-	_	1 388		_	_		
Linked policies 810 039										
Reinsurance assets			-	-			-	-		
Insurance, loans and other receivables — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —										
ther receivables		-	-	-	-	-	2 525 610	-	2 525 610	2 525 610
163 468	other receivables	-	-	210 971	-	210 971	1 443 146	151 111	1 805 228	1 805 228
Cash and cash equivalents	Deferred acquisition						100 (00		100 (00	100 (00
Aguivalents 2 962 959 - 2 962 959 2 96		_	_	-	-	_	163 468	_	163 468	163 468
seld for sale 344 012 344 012 344 012 344 012 344 012 346	equivalents	_	_	2 962 959	_	2 962 959	-	_	2 962 959	2 962 959
3 680 505 87 511 3 184 071 1 388 6 953 475 4 132 224 314 647 11 400 346 11 400	Non-current assets	244.012				344 012	_	_	3/4/ 012	344 012
Aborrowings - 354 - 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354	note for suit			0.307.6=			. 100 00:	-		
Sorrowings 354 - 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354		3 680 505	8/511	3 184 071	1 388	б 953 4/5	4 132 224	314 647	11 400 346	11 400 346
nsurance liabilities	Liabilities			05:		25:			25:	25:
Reinsurance liabilities 840 771 - 840 771 840 771 Employee benefits 254 106 254 106 254 106 Trade and other Dayables 998 425 998 425 998 425	-	_	_		_		5 402 403			
Employee benefits 254 106 254 106 254 106 rade and other against 998 425 998 425 998 425	Reinsurance liabilities	_	_	_	_			_		
nayables 998 425 998 425 998 425	Employee benefits	_	_	-	-			254 106		
	Trade and other							000 405	000 405	000 405
354 - 354 6 243 174 1 252 531 7 496 059 7 496 059	paganies				_			996 425 ————————————————————————————————————	330 425	996 425
		-	-	354	-	354	6 243 174	1 252 531	7 496 059	7 496 059

for the year ended 30 June 2016

11. Categories and classes of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

	Fair value through profit	At amortised cost		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		Insurance contract assets and	Other assets	Total per statement of financial	Fair value of financial
COMPANY	or loss R'000	investments R'000	receivables R'000	income R'000	instruments R'000	liabilities R'000	and liabilities R'000	position R'000	instruments R'000
2016									
Assets									
Investments in									
subsidiaries	41 220		-	_	41 220	_	_	41 220	41 220
Loans to subsidiaries	_		58 379	_	58 379	_	_	58 379	58 379
Investments in associates	178 182		_	_	178 182	_	_	178 182	178 182
Loans to associates	_		10 141	_	10 141	_	_	10 141	10 14
Financial assets	2 637 044		-	_	2 637 044	_	_	2 637 044	2 637 044
Preference shares									
and debt									
instruments	1 205 123		-	-	1 205 123	-	-	1 205 123	1 205 123
Equities	537 159		-	-	537 159	-	-	537 159	537 159
Linked policies	894 762		_	_	894 762	_	_	894 762	894 762
Reinsurance assets	_		-	_	_	2 606 898	_	2 606 898	2 606 898
Insurance, loans and			140.00		***	1700		0.057.00-	0.051.055
other receivables	-		142 014	_	142 014	1722 596	190 195	2 054 805	2 054 805
Deferred acquisition costs	_		_	_	_	144 297	_	144 297	144 297
Cash and cash									
equivalents	-		2 173 264	-	2 173 264	-	-	2 173 264	2 173 264
Non-current assets	7/0/05				7/0 /05			7/0/05	7/0/05
held for sale	746 405				746 405		_	746 405	746 405
	3 602 851	_	2 383 798	_	5 986 649	4 473 791	190 195	10 650 635	10 650 635
Liabilities									
Insurance liabilities	_	-	_	-	_	5 115 347	_	5 115 347	5 115 347
Reinsurance liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	950 612	-	950 612	950 612
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	241 679	241 679	241 679
Trade and other payables	_	_	_	_	_	_	788 422	788 422	788 422
F-3						0.005.050			
	-		_		_	6 065 959	1 030 101	7 096 060	7 096 060
2015									
Assets									
Investments in subsidiaries	734 552		_	_	734 552	_	_	734 552	734 552
Loans to subsidiaries	_		58 379	-	58 379	_	_	58 379	58 379
Investments in									
associates	285 308		-	-	285 308	-	-	285 308	285 308
Loans to associates	_		10 141	-	10 141	_	_	10 141	10 14
Financial assets	2 869 935		_	_	2 869 935	_	_	2 869 935	2 869 935
Preference shares									
and debt instruments	1 058 291				1 058 291			1.050.201	1 050 201
Equities	1 000 291		_	_	1 001 605	_	_	1 058 291 1 001 605	1 058 29 ³ 1 001 605
Linked policies	810 039		_	_	810 039	_	_	810 039	810 039
	0.0 000								
Reinsurance assets Insurance, loans and	_		-	_	_	2 046 119	_	2 046 119	2 046 119
other receivables	_		209 579	_	209 579	1 242 556	100 022	1 552 157	1 552 157
Deferred acquisition									
costs	-		-	-	-	155 022	-	155 022	155 022
Cash and cash			0.050.057		0.050.057			0.050.057	0.050.057
equivalents Non-current assets	_		2 359 354	-	2 359 354	-	_	2 359 354	2 359 354
held for sale	390 273		-	-	390 273	-	_	390 273	390 273
	4 280 068	_	2 637 453	_	6 917 521	3 443 697	100 022	10 461 240	10 461 240
	. 255 556		2 307 400		3 017 021	0 .40 007	.50 022	.0 .01 2-10	.5 701 240
Liabilities						/, //70 E00		/, //70 E00	/ /·70 E00
Insurance liabilities Reinsurance liabilities	_	-	_	_	_	4 476 560 739 442	_	4 476 560 739 442	4 476 560 739 442
Employee benefits	_	_	_	_	-	/33 442	211 025	211 025	211 025
Trade and other	_	_	_	_	_	_	211 020	Z11 UZJ	211 020
payables	-	_	-	-	-	-	739 129	739 129	739 129
	_	-	_	_	_	5 216 002	950 154	6 166 156	6 166 156

12. Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy
The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
GROUP				
2016				
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed ordinary shares	537 096	-	-	537 096
Listed preference shares	137 032	_	_	137 032
Listed debentures	-	_	_	-
Unlisted ordinary shares	-	_	63	63 716 119
Unlisted preference shares	-	- 004 701	716 119	
Linked policies Unit trusts	_	894 761 126 176	_	894 761 126 176
Unlisted debentures		175 127		175 127
Foreign exchange contracts	_	170 127	_	170 127
Bonds	_	50 670	_	50 670
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		55 57 5		55 5.15
Unlisted ordinary shares	_	_	_	_
	674 128	1 246 734	716 182	2 637 044
2015				
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss				
Listed ordinary shares	624 219	_	_	624 219
Listed preference shares	125 461	_	_	125 461
Listed debentures	-	_	_	-
Unlisted ordinary shares	_	_	419 776	419 776
Unlisted preference shares	_	_	653 755	653 755
Linked policies	-	810 039	_	810 039
Unit trusts	-	545 074	_	545 074
Unlisted debentures	-	158 169	_	158 169
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Unlisted ordinary shares	=-	-	1 388	1 388
	749 680	1 513 282	1 074 919	3 337 881
COMPANY				
2016				
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss				
Interest in associates	-	-	178 181	178 181
Interest in subsidiaries		_	787 627	787 627
Listed ordinary shares	537 096	_	_	537 096
Listed preference shares	137 032	_	_	137 032
Unlisted ordinary shares	-	_	63	63
Unlisted preference shares Unit Trusts	-	- 126 176	716 119	716 119 126 176
Unlisted debentures	_	175 127	_	175 127
Linked policies		894 761	_	894 761
Bonds	_	50 670	_	50 670
	674 128	1 246 734	1 681 990	3 602 852
2015				
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss				
Interest in associates	_	_	285 308	285 308
Interest in subsidiaries	_	_	734 552	734 552
Listed ordinary shares	581 826	_	704 002	581 826
Listed preference shares	125 461	_	_	125 461
Unlisted ordinary shares	-	_	419 776	419 776
Unlisted preference shares	_	_	653 755	653 755
Unit Trusts	_	120 911	-	120 911
Unlisted debentures	_	158 167	-	158 167
Linked policies	_	810 039	-	810 039
	707 287	1 089 117	2 093 391	3 889 795
	/0/ 20/	1 003 11/	Z UJJ JJI	3 003 /33

^{*} These investments do not meet the definition of related parties

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12. Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy (continued)

Included in the level I category are financial assets that are measured in whole or in part by reference to published quotes in an active market. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing services or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Included in the level 2 category are financial assets measured using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are supported by prices for observable current market transactions are assets for which pricing is obtained via pricing services, but where prices have not been determined in an active market, financial assets with fair values based on broker quotes, investments in private equity funds with fair values obtained via fund managers and assets that are valued using the Group's own models whereby the majority of assumptions are market observable.

Included in the level 3 category are financial assets measured using non-market observable inputs means that fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation technique (model) based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor based on available market data. The main asset classes in this category are unlisted equity investments and limited partnerships. Valuation techniques are used to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the assets or liability at the measurement date. However, the fair value measurement objective remains the same, that is, an exit price from the perspective of the Group and Company. Therefore, unobservable inputs reflect the Group's and Company's own assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset and liability. These inputs are developed based on the best information available, which might include the Group's and Company's own data.

Reconciliation of movements in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening and closing amount of level 3 financial assets which are recorded at fair value:

	At 1 July 2015 R'000	Total gains/ (losses) in profit or loss statement R'000	Total gains/ (losses) recorded in other comprehensive income R'000	Purchases R'000	Interest, dividends and management fees R'000	Sales R'000	Foreign exchange R'000	Transfer (to)/ from other category R'000	At 30 June 2016 R'000	Total gains/ (losses) for the period included in profit or loss for assets held at 30 June 2016 R'000
GROUP									1	,
2016										
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss										
Unlisted ordinary shares Unlisted	419 776	609 496	-	-	390 885	(1 420 097)	-	-	60	1 111 424
preference shares	653 755	5 273	-	-	72 022	(109 931)	-	95 000	716 119	5 273
	1 073 531	614 769	-	-	462 907	(1 530 028)	-	95 000	716 179	1 116 697
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income										
Unlisted ordinary shares	1 388	_	1 986	-	_	_	(887)	-	2 487	-
	1 388	-	1 986	-	-	-	(887)	-	2 487	-
Total financial instruments	1 074 919	614 769	1 986	-	462 907	(1 530 028)	(887)	95 000	718 666	1 116 697
COMPANY 2016 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Investment in										
associates	285 308	(18 344)	-	-	-	(8 280)	-	-	258 684	(18 344)
Investment in subsidiaries	734 552	-	-	-	-	(8 000)	-	3 781	730 333	-
Unlisted ordinary shares Unlisted	419 776	609 496	-	-	390 885	(1 420 097)	-	-	60	1 111 424
preference shares	653 755	5 273	-	-	72 022	(109 931)	-	95 000	716 119	5 273
Total financial instruments	2 093 391	596 425	-	-	462 907	(1 546 308)	-	98 781	1 705 196	1 098 353

	At 1 July 2014 R'000	Total gains/ (losses) in profit or loss co statement R'000	Total gains/ (losses) recorded in other mprehensive income R'000	Purchases R'000	Interest, dividends and management fees R'000	Sales R'000	Foreign exchange R'000	Transfer (to)/ from other category A R'000	At 30 June 2015 R'000	Total gains/ (losses) for the period included in profit or loss for assets held at 30 June 2015 R'000
GROUP 2015 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							'			
Unlisted ordinary shares Unlisted preference	588 624	293 419	_	-	-	-	_	(462 267)	419 776	293 419
shares	728 578	11 586	-	-	51 863	(138 272)	-		653 755	11 586
	1 317 202	305 005	-	-	51 863	(138 272)	-	(462 267)	1 073 531	305 005
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Unlisted										
ordinary shares	3 770	=	(2 341)	-	-	-	(41)	-	1 388	=
	3 770	-	(2 341)	=	-	-	(41)	-	1 388	=
Total financial instruments	1 320 972	305 005	(2 341)	-	51 863	(138 272)	(41)	(462 267)	1 074 919	305 005
COMPANY 2015 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss										
Investment in associates Investment in	471 082	(38 738)	-	-	-	-	-	(147 036)	285 308	(38 738)
subsidiaries	614 636	362 155	=	4 219	=	-	=	(246 458)	734 552	362 155
Unlisted ordinary shares Unlisted preference	369 594	293 419	-	-	-	-	-	(243 237)	419 776	293 419
shares	728 578	11 585	-	-	51 864	(138 272)	-	-	653 755	11 585
Total financial instruments	2 183 890	628 421	-	4 219	51 864	(138 272)	-	(636 731)	2 093 391	628 421

Sensitivity of level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value to changes in key assumptions.

The following table shows the sensitivity of the fair value of financial assets:

	2016						
		GROUP		COMPANY			
	Carrying amount R'000	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (+) R'000	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (-) R'000	Carrying amount R'000	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (+) R'000	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (-) R'000	
Financial assets carried at fair value							
through profit or loss							
Interest in associates	_	_	_	178 181	215 325	151 000	
Interest in subsidiaries	_	_	_	787 627	872 361	721 644	
Unlisted ordinary shares	60	61	59	63	63	63	
Unlisted preference shares	716 119	731 579	725 709	716 119	718 094	714 214	
	716 179	731 640	725 768	1 681 990	1 805 843	1 586 921	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income							
Unlisted ordinary shares	2 487	2 537	2 437	_	_	_	
	2 487	2 537	2 437	-	_	_	
Total financial instruments at fair value	718 666	734 177	728 206	1 681 989	1 805 843	1 586 921	

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12. Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy (continued)

	2015						
		GROUP		COMPANY			
	Carrying amount	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (+)	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (-)	Carrying amount	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (+)	2% effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions (-)	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss							
Interest in associates	-	_	_	285 308	289 450	281 164	
Interest in subsidiaries	-	_	_	734 552	806 835	604 810	
Unlisted ordinary shares	419 776	428 171	411 380	419 776	428 171	411 380	
Unlisted preference shares	653 755	666 830	640 680	653 755	666 830	640 680	
Non-current asset held for sale	344 012	350 893	337 132	390 273	398 078	382 467	
	1 417 543	1 445 894	1 389 192	2 483 664	2 589 364	2 320 501	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income							
Unlisted ordinary shares	1 388	1 416	1 360	_	-	_	
	1 388	1 416	1 360	_	_	_	
Total financial instruments at fair value	1 418 931	1 447 310	1 390 552	2 483 664	2 589 364	2 320 501	

The Group and Company determine the fair value of its unlisted investments using well established valuation techniques. These techniques include discounted cash flow analysis, price earnings ratio and net asset value methodologies. Where the underlying investments of an investment holding company are property or listed investments, the company is valued on the net asset value basis which reflects the fair value of the underlying investments.

Companies are valued on a price earnings ratio method or on a discounted cash flow basis. A build-up method was used to construct the discount rate, incorporating all the appropriate risk components as well as a risk-free rate of 6.26% (after tax RSA R186 bond rate). The following appropriate risk components are incorporated in the discount rates and earnings factors used:

- Risk class exposure of the entity;
- Established history;
- Dependency on management; and
- Impact of owner managed business.

In applying the price earnings valuation technique, the current profit of the company is multiplied by an earnings factor. The potential future earnings of the company, current interest rate cycle, current business environment and management of the company are considered in determining the earnings factor.

In using discounted cash flow analyses the best estimate of future cash flows of a particular company are used. The current interest rate cycle, risk-free rate and any other relevant economic or business factors are considered in determining the discount rate.

The above sensitivity analysis in the positive scenario assumes a 2% decrease in the discount rate and a 2% increase in projected free cash flows. The converse applies to the negative analysis where discount rates were increased by 2% and cash flows were decreased by 2%.

	GRO	OUP	COM	PANY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Insurance, loans and other receivables				
Insurance receivables	1722 596	1 443 146	1722 596	1 242 556
Other receivables	196 250	151 111	190 195	100 022
Total insurance and other receivables	1 918 846	1 594 257	1 912 791	1 342 578
Originated at amortised cost Loans bearing interest				
- Loans to staff	14 786	26 904	14 786	25 800
- Loans to other	24 360	37 190	24 360	37 190
Interest-free loans				
- Loans to other	4 109	4 109	4 109	4 109
Total loans	43 254	68 203	43 254	67 099
Receivable from Group companies	112 427	168 686	112 427	168 398
Impairment provision	(13 667)	(25 918)	(13 667)	(25 918
Total loans receivables from Group companies	98 760	142 768	98 760	142 480
Total Insurance, loans and other receivables	2 060 859	1 805 228	2 054 805	1 552 157
The interest rates charged on the secured and unsecured loans comprise:				
Prime less 1%	-	247	-	247
Prime less 1.5%	1 013	3 636	1 013	3 636
Prime less 2%		2 283	-	2 283
Prime less 3%	4 399	4 102	4 399	4 102
80% of prime	7 332	6 773	7 332	6 773
86% of prime Prime	5 831 971	5 630 880	5 831 971	5 630 880
Prime plus 1%	2 183	-	2 183	000
Prime plus 1% Prime plus 2%	2 179	13 190	2 179	13 190
Prime plus 4%		572		10 100
Interest at 7%	1 424	1 327	1 424	1 327
Interest at 15%	-	531		-
South African Revenue Service (SARS) rate	13 813	24 923	13 813	24 922
Interest-free loans	4 109	4 109	4 109	4 10 9
	43 254	68 203	43 254	67 099
The loans have the following terms of repayment:				
No fixed repayment terms	8 383	8 527	8 383	8 527
On specified date	12 617	28 571	12 617	28 573
90 days notice period	22 200	29 952	22 200	29 950
After termination of employment with Company	54	49	54	49
Monthly	_	531	_	-
Quarterly ————————————————————————————————————	-	573	_	-
	43 254	68 203	43 254	67 099

13.

Certain loans are secured by assets of the counterparty to the extent of R10 590 992 (2015: R24 178 191) and the balance of the loans are unsecured.

Loans are carried at amortised cost using the effective-interest method and are reviewed for impairment at the end of the financial year. Insurance, trade and other receivables are widespread and have been adjusted for impairments where required.

Loans to subsidiaries and associates are deemed to be part of the investment and therefore included in notes 8 and 9 on page 38 of these annual financial statements.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	GRO	UP	COMPA	NY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	F
Deferred taxation				
Deferred income tax assets				
- Deferred income tax to be recovered after 12 months	281	812	_	
- Deferred income tax to be recovered within 12 months	77 889	81 004	77 889	80
Balance at end of year	78 170	81 816	77 889	80
Balance at beginning of year	81 816	48 759	80 040	4
Movements during the year attributable to:				
Unrealised loss on foreign exchange differences	15 476	(2 544)	_	
Exchange differences	(4 233)	10	_	
Unutilised tax losses	(39)	1884	(39)	
Provisions	(2 112)	33 707	(2 112)	33
Transfer to Deferred Tax Assets	(212)	00 707	(2 112)	00
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale	(12 526)			
Balance at end of year	78 170	81 816	77 889	80
Balance comprises: Capital allowances		68		
Changes in foreign currency	_	964	_	
	0.200		0.200	
Unutilised tax losses	9 386	9 707	9 386	5
Provisions	68 784	71 077	68 503	7
	78 170	81 816	77 889	80
Deferred income tax liabilities				
– Deferred income tax to be recovered after 12 months	136 408	421 073	129 368	409
- Deferred income tax to be recovered within 12 months	-	3 330	-	
Balance at end of year	136 408	424 403	129 368	409
Balance at beginning of year	424 403	364 508	409 493	3
Movements during the year attributable to:				
Capital allowances	-	318	-	
Unrealised gains on assets at fair value through profit or loss	(280 258)	166 387	(280 125)	97
Unrealised gains on financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	-	(749)	-	
Unrealised loss on foreign exchange differences	34 483	3 616	-	
Unutilised tax losses	-	792	-	
Provisions	-	(1 385)	-	
Exchange rate differences	(10 737)	(493)	_	
Transfer to other financial assets	-	(108 759)	_	
Prepayment	(105)	168	_	
Tranfer to Deferred Tax Assets	2 036	_	_	
Transfer to non-current liabilities held for sale	(33 414)	_	-	
Balance at end of year	136 408	424 403	129 368	409
Balance comprises:				
Capital allowances	_	2 644	_	
Unrealised gains on assets at fair value through profit or loss	136 408	417 032	129 368	409
Unrealised gains on financial assets at fair value through other				. 30
comprehensive income	_	152	_	
Unrealised losses on foreign exchange differences	_	6 637	_	
Unutilised tax losses	_	(305)	_	
Prepayment	_	168	_	
Provisions	_	(1 925)	_	
			102.222	
	136 408	424 403	129 368	409

		GRO	DUP	СОМЕ	PANY
		2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
15.	Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, current accounts and short-term deposits with maturity less than 12 months. At reporting date the effective rate on bank call accounts and deposits was 7.21% (2015: 6.39%). The effective interest rate on current accounts at the statement of financial position date was 5.85% (2015: 4.60%)				
	Cash on call Cash at bank Cash on deposit Cash on hand	1 531 063 517 016 131 257 48	1 701 105 757 673 504 103 78	1 531 063 511 053 131 100 48	1 701 105 452 811 205 390 48
		2 179 384	2 962 959	2 173 264	2 359 354
16.	Non-current assets and liabilities held for sale The Group and Company hold the following assets as held for sale: Lomhold (Pty) Ltd Unlisted investment - Direct Axis (SA) (Pty) Ltd Investment in subsidiary: The Hollard Insurance Company of Botswana Limited Investment in subsidiary: Hollard Botswana (Pty) Ltd (t/a Hollard Life Botswana)	- - 361 515 76 506	100 775 243 237 - -	- - 180 716 6 095	147 036 243 237 - -
	Investment in subsidiary: Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited Investment in subsidiary: Hollard Mocambique Companhia de Seguros Other non-current assets held for sale	1 061 398 733 716 752	- - -	428 997 130 597 –	- - -
		2 233 887	344 012	746 405	390 273
	The Group and Company hold the following liabilities as held for sale: Investment in subsidiary: The Hollard Insurance Company of Botswana Limited Investment in subsidiary: Hollard Botswana (Pty) Ltd (t/a Hollard Life Botswana) Investment in subsidiary: Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited Investment in subsidiary: Hollard Mocambique Companhia de Seguros	245 994 70 702 750 858 518 625 1 586 179	- - - -	-	- - - -
	The investments are expected to be sold within the next 12 months and are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value less cost to sell.				
17.	Share capital and premium Authorised 6 000 000 ordinary shares 3 000 000 class A redeemable convertible preference shares of R1 each 2 999 999 class B redeemable convertible preference shares of R1 each	12 000 3 000 3 000 18 000	12 000 3 000 3 000 18 000	12 000 3 000 3 000 18 000	12 000 3 000 3 000 18 000
	Issued and fully paid 4 914 999 ordinary shares (2015: 5100 001 ordinary shares) 3 000 000 class A redeemable convertible preference shares of R1 each 2 999 999 class B redeemable convertible preference shares of R1 each	1 580 686 3 000 3 000 1 586 686	531 200 3 000 3 000 537 200	1 580 686 3 000 3 000 1 586 686	531 200 3 000 3 000 537 200
	Share premium	55 914	69 650	55 914	69 650
	Issued Share Capital	1 642 601	606 850	1 642 601	606 850

The Company repurchased 1 100 003 shares for R1 262 400 388 and issued 915 001 additional ordinary share for a consideration of R1 262 400 385 during the year.

The class A and B preference shares receive dividends at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The class A preference shares have voting rights equal to one vote for one share.

The class C preference share has a preferential right to dividends received by the Company in terms of preference shares held in a subsidiary company. The amount payable each year is dependent upon the performance of the underlying subsidiary company.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

18. Non-distributable reserves

	GROUP	
	2016 R'000	20 R'00
Non-distributable reserves consist of: Revaluation reserve	9 421	9 20
Movements for the year were as follows: Balance at beginning of year	9 206	8 83
Revaluation of amortised cost investments Revaluation of land and buildings Deferred tax on amortised cost investments	833 (119) (499)	(1 08 1 00 30
Balance at end of year	9 421	9 20
Foreign currency translation reserve		
Balance at beginning of year	7 006	11 8
Exchange differences (net of non-controlling interest) on translation of foreign operations	(31 228)	(4 4
Transfer to NCI	-	(30
Balance at end of year	(24 222)	7 0

20. Components of other comprehensive income

	GROUP						
	Gross amount R'000	201 Non-controlling interest R'000	6 Tax expense R'000	Net of tax R'000			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Raising of credit protection reserve Unrealised gain on financial assets at fair value through other	(63 969) (17)	(32 742) -	-	(97 611) (17)			
comprehensive income	(63 440)	(31 912)	499 499	(94 853)			
	(00 440)	(31 312)	400	(34 033)			

	GROUP				
	2015 Non-controlling				
	Gross amount R'000	interest R'000	Tax expense R'000	Net of tax R'000	
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Raising of credit protection reserve Unrealised gain on financial assets at fair value through other	(7 493) 11	(3 002) -	-	(10 495) 11	
comprehensive income	(312)	(1 076)	(394)	(1 782)	
	(7 794)	(4 078)	(394)	(12 266)	

21. Insurance liabilities and reinsurance assets

	GRO)UP	COMF	PANY
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Gross				
Claims reported and loss adjustment expenses	2 596 916	2 433 091	2 596 916	2 020 935
Claims incurred but not yet reported	704 742	798 691	704 742	734 677
Unearned premium provision	1 781 121	2 077 126	1 781 121	1 686 778
Cash back reserve	32 568	36 778	32 568	34 170
Life fund reserves	_	4 730	-	-
Policyholder liabilities	_	42 812	-	-
Unexpired risk reserve	_	2 214	-	-
Provision for claims fluctuations	_	6 961	-	_
Total gross insurance liabilities	5 115 347	5 402 403	5 115 347	4 476 560
Recoverable from reinsurers				
Claims reported and loss adjustment expenses	1 467 774	1 224 355	1 467 774	1 014 149
Claims incurred but not yet reported	190 782	281 675	190 782	269 338
Unearned premium provision	559 899	709 034	559 899	471 094
Reinsurance recoveries	388 443	310 546	388 443	291 538
Total reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities	2 606 898	2 525 610	2 606 898	2 046 119
Net				
Claims reported and loss adjustment expenses	1 129 142	1 208 736	1 129 142	1 006 786
Claims incurred but not yet reported	513 960	517 014	513 960	465 339
Unearned premium provision	1 221 222	1 368 092	1 221 222	1 215 684
Cash back reserve	32 568	36 778	32 568	34 170
Life fund reserves	-	4 730	-	-
Policyholder liabilities	-	42 812	-	-
Unexpired risk reserve	-	2 214	-	-
Provision for claims fluctuations	-	6 961	-	-
Reinsurance recoveries	(388 443)	(310 546)	(388 443)	(291 538)
Total insurance liabilities – net	2 508 449	2 876 791	2 508 449	2 430 441

(a) Claims reported and loss adjustment expenses

	Gross R'000	2016 Reinsurance asset R'000	Net R'000	Gross R'000	2015 Reinsurance asset R'000	Net R'000
GROUP Balance at beginning of year Claims paid Non-current asset held for sale Exchange rate movement Claims raised	2 433 091 (6 546 883) (490 049) 48 524 7 152 233	1 224 355 (1 346 040) (275 496) 15 640 1 849 315	1 208 736 (5 200 843) (214 553) 32 884 5 302 918	1 926 471 (5 793 196) - (14 959) 6 314 775	811 309 (1 045 443) – (6 773) 1 465 262	1 115 162 (4 747 753) - (8 186) 4 849 513
Balance at end of year	2 596 916	1 467 774	1 129 142	2 433 091	1 224 355	1 208 736
COMPANY Balance at beginning of year Claims paid Claims raised	2 020 935 (6 009 423) 6 585 404	1 014 149 (1 383 556) 1 837 181	1 006 786 (4 625 867) 4 748 223	1 577 187 (5 242 916) 5 686 664	624 195 (959 479) 1 349 433	952 992 (4 283 437) 4 337 231
Balance at end of year	2 596 916	1 467 774	1 129 142	2 020 935	1 014 149	1 006 786

for the year ended 30 June 2016

21. Insurance liabilities and reinsurance assets (continued)

		2016 Reinsurance		2015 Reinsurance			
	Gross R'000	asset R'000	Net R'000	Gross R'000	asset R'000	Net R'000	
Claims incurred but not yet reported GROUP							
Balance at beginning of year	798 691	281 675	517 016	690 992	233 899	457 093	
Exchange rate movement	(1 247)	(1 636)	389	(220)	50	(270)	
Non-current asset held for sale	(79 000)	(21 223)	(57 777)	_	_	-	
Movements for the year	(13 702)	(68 034)	54 332	107 919	47 726	60 193	
Balance at end of year	704 742	190 782	513 960	798 691	281 675	517 016	
COMPANY							
Balance at beginning of year	734 677	269 338	465 339	630 776	215 780	414 996	
Movements for the year	(29 935)	(78 556)	48 621	103 901	53 558	50 343	
Balance at end of year	704 742	190 782	513 960	734 677	269 338	465 339	
Unearned premium provision GROUP							
Balance at beginning of year	2 077 126	709 034	1 368 092	1 889 073	596 139	1 292 934	
Non-current asset held for sale	(416 748)	(203 387)	(213 361)	-	-	-	
Exchange rate movement	(33 546)	(23 547)	(9 999)	(1 713)	(3 281)	1 568	
Movements for the year	154 289	77 799	76 490	189 766	116 176	73 590	
Balance at end of year	1 781 121	559 899	1 221 223	2 077 126	709 034	1 368 092	
COMPANY							
Balance at beginning of year	1 686 778	471 094	1 215 684	1 612 587	447 678	1 164 909	
Movements for the year	94 343	88 805	5 538	74 191	23 416	50 775	
Balance at end of year	1 781 121	559 899	1 221 222	1 686 778	471 094	1 215 684	
Unexpired risk reserve GROUP							
Balance at beginning of year	2 214	-	2 214	1 001	_	1 001	
Non-current asset held for sale	(4 139)	-	(4 139)	_	_	-	
Exchange rate movement	(1 475)	_	(1 475)	(170)	-	(170)	
Movements for the year	3 400		3 400	1 383		1 383	
Balance at end of year	_	_	-	2 214	_	2 214	
Provision for claims fluctuations GROUP							
Balance at beginning of year	6 961	-	6 961	5 645	_	5 645	
Non-current asset held for sale	(9 487)	-	(9 487)	_	_	-	
Exchange rate movement	(1 404)	_	(1 404)	(283)	-	(283)	
Movements for the year	3 930		3 930	1 599		1 599	
Balance at end of year	-		-	6 961		6 961	
Cash back reserve GROUP							
Balance at beginning of year	36 778	-	36 778	34 762	_	34 762	
Non-current asset held for sale	(1 498)	-	(1 498)	_	_	-	
Exchange rate movement	(368)	_	(368)	(125)	_	(125)	
Movements for the year	(2 344)		(2 344)	2 141		2 141	
Balance at end of year	32 568		32 568	36 778		36 778	
COMPANY Delegate at haringing of years	0 ()70		0 ()70	00.150		00.150	
Balance at beginning of year	34 170	_	34 170	33 156	-	33 156	
Movements for the year	(1 602)	<u>-</u>	(1 602)	1 014		1 014	
Balance at end of year	32 568	-	32 568	34 170		34 170	

		2016		2015		
	Gross	Reinsurance asset	Net	Gross	Reinsurance asset	Ne
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Life fund reserves		'				
GROUP						
Balance at beginning of year	4 730	-	4 730	5 034	-	5 034
Non-current asset held for sale	(2 303)	-	(2 303)	-	-	
Exchange rate movement	(874)	-	(874)	(304)	_	(304
Movements for the year	(1 553)		(1 553)	_		
Balance at end of year	-	_		4 730		4 73
Policyholder liabilities GROUP						
Balance at beginning of year	42 812	_	42 812	45 575	_	45 57
Non-current asset held for sale	(35 184)	_	(35 184)	-	-	
Exchange rate movement	40	-	40	_	-	
Movements for the year	(7 668)	_	(7 668)	(2 763)	_	(2 76
Balance at end of year	-	_	_	42 812	_	42 81
Reinsurance recoveries GROUP						
Balance at beginning of year	-	310 546	(310 546)	_	288 789	(288 78
Non-current asset held for sale	-	(58 189)	58 189	-	-	
Exchange rate movement	-	499	(499)	_	(211)	2
Movements for the year	-	135 587	(135 587)		21 968	(21 96
Balance at end of year	_	388 443	(388 443)		310 546	(310 54)
COMPANY						
Balance at beginning of year	-	291 538	(291 538)	_	272 451	(272 45
Movements for the year		96 905	(96 905)		19 087	(19 08
Balance at end of year	-	388 443	(388 443)	-	291 538	(291 53
Total GROUP						
Balance at beginning of year	5 402 403	2 525 610	2 876 793	4 598 553	1 930 136	2 668 4
Claims paid	(6 546 883)	(1 346 040)	(5 200 843)	(5 793 196)	(1 045 443)	(4 747 75
Exchange rate movement	9 649	(9 044)	18 694	(17 774)	(10 215)	(7 55
Movements for the year	136 352	9 765	126 587	300 045	163 902	136 14
Non-current asset held for sale	(1 038 407)	(558 295)	(480 112)	-	-	
Claims raised	7 152 233	1 849 315	5 302 918	6 314 775	1 465 262	4 849 5
Reinsurance recoveries	-	135 587	(135 587)	_	21 968	(21 96
Balance at end of year	5 115 347	2 606 898	2 508 449	5 402 403	2 525 610	2 876 79
COMPANY						
Balance at beginning of year	4 476 560	2 046 119	2 430 441	3 853 706	1 560 104	2 293 60
Claims paid	(6 009 423)	(1 383 556)	(4 625 867)	(5 242 916)	(959 479)	(4 283 43
Movements for the year	62 806	10 249	52 555	179 106	76 974	102 13
Claims raised	6 585 404	1 837 181	4 748 223	5 686 664	1 349 433	4 337 2
Reinsurance recoveries	-	96 905	(96 905)		19 087	(19 087
Balance at end of year	5 115 347	2 606 898	2 508 449	4 476 560	2 046 119	2 430 44

for the year ended 30 June 2016

21. Insurance liabilities and reinsurance assets (continued)

Insurance risk

Exposure to insurance risk

The Group and Company underwrite risks that natural persons, corporate or other entities wish to transfer to an insurer. Such risks may relate to property, accident, personal accident, motor, liability, engineering, marine, credit and other perils which may arise from an insured event. As such the Group and Company are exposed to uncertainty surrounding the timing, frequency and severity of claims under insurance contracts. The principal risk is that the frequency and/or severity of claims are greater than expected. Insurance events are by nature random and the actual size and number of events in any one year may vary from those estimated and experienced in prior periods.

The Group and Company underwrite primarily short-tailed risks, that is, insurance under which claims are typically settled within one year of the occurrence of the events giving rise to the claims. Risks that are long tail in nature represent an insignificant portion of the Group's and Company's insurance portfolio. Consequently, whilst the Group and Company may experience variations in its claims patterns from one year to the next, the Group's and Company's exposure at any time to insurance contracts issued more than one year before is limited.

The product features of insurance contracts that have a material effect on the amount, timing and uncertainty of future cash flows arising from insurance contracts in the Group and Company are described below:

Property

Provide indemnity for loss or damage to immovable and movable property caused by perils such as fire, lightning, explosion, weather, water, earthquake and malicious damage. These contracts may also include business interruption policies which insure the loss of profits incurred by a business as a result of loss or damage to the insured property by these perils.

Accident

Provide indemnity for loss of or damage to mainly movable property for losses caused by crime, certain accidental damage such as damage to goods in transit or accidental damage to glass. Included under the accidental classes are legal liabilities an insured may incur as a result of accidental damage to third-party property or accidental death or injury to a third party by the insured.

Dersonal accident

Provide compensation arising out of the death, permanent or temporary total disability of the insured, the family of the insured or the employees of a business. This cover is restricted to certain accidents and does not provide the wider benefits available from the life insurance industry.

Moto

Provides indemnity for loss of or damage to the insured motor vehicle. The cover is normally on an all-risks basis providing a wide scope of cover, however, the insured may select restricted forms of cover such as fire and theft only. Legal liabilities arising out of the use or ownership of the motor vehicle following an accident for damage to third-party property or death or injury to a third party are also covered in this class. Warranty and maintenance cover on insured vehicles are incorporated in this class of business.

Engineering

Provide indemnity for losses sustained through the use of machinery and equipment or the erection of buildings and structures. Risks covered by this type of contract include machinery breakdown, business interruption and loss or damage to plant and equipment.

Marine

Provide indemnity for both cargo and hull classes of business. Cargo covers physical loss of or damage to cargo. Hull covers accidental loss or damage to commercial vessels.

Liability

Provide indemnity for actual or alleged breach of professional duty arising out of the insured's activities, indemnify directors and officers of a company against court compensation and legal defence costs, provide indemnity for the insured against damages consequent to a personal injury or property damage.

The Group and Company distribute these products across personal and commercial policyholders using traditional methods of distribution through intermediaries and direct sales, as well as though strategic partnerships with niche underwriting managers, retailers, banks and motor dealers. These non-traditional distribution arrangements include profit participation measures to promote good risk management amongst the insurers and originators of the business. The Group and Company also provides primary risk policies, which are contracts structured to provide entry level insurance cover for corporate entities.

Limiting exposure to insurance risk

The Group and Company limit its exposure to insurance risk through setting clearly defined underwriting strategy and limits, application of appropriate risk assessment techniques, and centralised management of reinsurance.

The Group's and Company's underwriting strategy ensures diversification of insurance risk in terms of type and amount of risk covered, geographical location and type of industry covered. The underwriting strategy also aims to develop a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome. The underwriting strategy is detailed in underwriting authorities which set the limits for underwriters in terms of line, size, class of business, geographical location and industry to enforce appropriate risk selection within the portfolio. The underwriting mandates are applicable to both internal underwriters and partners. Management review and periodic internal audits ensure that underwriters operate within these limits.

Analysis of the Group's and Company's risk profiles shows that the Group and Company underwrite a well diversified portfolio of risks and that the Group's and Company's business has a low correlation factor between the types of insurance products and classes it underwrites. Using gross written premium as an indicator, the table below illustrates the Group's and Company's distribution of risks underwritten across classes of business:

	GRO	DUP	СОМІ	PANY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Gross written premium per class of business				
Property	3 641 682	3 288 965	3 488 686	3 123 396
Transportation	439 106	445 496	412 656	421 307
Motor	5 497 630	5 046 533	4 936 160	4 526 963
Accident/health	647 114	543 890	399 275	426 000
Guarantee	111 678	117 459	105 380	108 887
Liability	452 197	410 166	361 745	321 644
Contract/engineering	732 699	640 094	542 164	482 439
Fire	221 498	312 554	_	-
Life	626 983	354 907	_	-
Miscellaneous	143 154	216 437	140 261	81 749
Total	12 513 741	11 376 501	10 386 327	9 492 385

The Group and Company underwrite insurance contracts across South Africa as well as Namibia, Botswana and Mozambique. Using gross written premium as an indicator the table below illustrate the Group's geographical diversification.

	GR	OUP
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
South Africa Foreign	10 386 327 2 127 414	9 492 385 1 884 116
Total	12 513 741	11 376 501

Ongoing review and analysis of underwriting information enables the Group and Company to monitor its risks and take timely corrective action. The ability to adjust premiums allows the Group and Company to mitigate the risk of underwriting losses by addressing adverse loss ratios in terms of different classes of business and different portfolios or clients. The risk of fraudulent claims is reduced by internal controls embedded in claims handling processes and specific techniques developed to proactively detect fraudulent claims.

Underwriting and reinsurance operating procedures

The Group and Company have implemented an integrated risk management framework to manage risk in accordance with the Group's and Company's risk appetite. Group and Company reinsurance is managed by the Reinsurance Committee (RCOM). The objectives and responsibilities of the Committee as set out and approved by the Board of Directors are outlined below. The main objective of RCOM is to provide a framework that ensures that the risk assumption and risk retention practice is in line with prudent risk/reward parameters set by the Group. Specifically RCOM makes recommendations to the Board as to the risk retention policy of the companies within the Group and Company; communicates policy to the business units for adoption in line with their business operations; methodologies and processes employed by each company and each business unit for both facultative and treaty reinsurance arrangements and reviews the reinsurance programme for cost efficiency, compliance with risk assumption criteria and security.

Reinsurance strategy

The Group and Company obtain third-party reinsurance cover to reduce risks from single events or accumulation of risk which could have a significant impact on earnings for the current year or the Company's capital. This cover is placed on the local and international reinsurance market.

Dynamic financial analysis (DFA) is performed each year prior to renewal. DFA informs the decision making regarding risk retention and reinsurance purchase. Hollard's insurance risk and return position is tested against a wide range of reinsurance alternatives including viability of proportional and non-proportional alternatives.

The Group and Company use state-of-the-art catastrophe modelling tools to assess its exposure to low-frequency high-severity risks, the most common of these risks relates to natural catastrophes such as earthquakes, floods and windstorms. The Group's most significant aggregate exposure would arise from an earthquake. Where the Group and Company are at risk in case of the occurrence of an event that could threaten its solvency, catastrophe reinsurance is in place to reduce the threat associated with such an event.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

21. Insurance liabilities and reinsurance assets (continued)

Risk retention parameters

Hollard Insurance is in the business of assuming that level of risk, which is deemed prudent in relation to the risk/reward and the Group's and Company's absolute capacity in terms of shareholder funds and free reserves. Predetermined criteria are observed at all times other than where specific written permission has been obtained from the Chairman of RCOM acting on the authority of the majority of the members of such Committee.

Counterparty risk

Currently only internationally recognised credit rating agencies "A" rated reinsurers are utilised unless express permission is sought from the RCOM

Treaty placing process

The treaty placing process is the responsibility of the Reinsurance Department, accountable to the Group Chief Underwriting Officer. The Group Chief Underwriting Officer reports directly to the CEO and is accountable to the Board via the RCOM.

The development of claims liabilities provides an indicator of the Group's and Company's ability to estimate the ultimate value of claims. The majority of the Group's and Company's insurance contracts are classified as short tailed. The shorter settlement period for this type of business allows the Group and Company to achieve a higher degree of certainty about the estimated costs of claims. The longer time required to assess the emergence of a long-tail claim makes the estimation process more uncertain for these type of claims. The Group's and Company's limited exposure to long-tailed business is in the personal accident, third-party motor liability, specialised liability and some engineering and marine classes. Actuarial valuations of the required technical provisions for these classes are performed regularly.

Process used to determine significant assumptions

Insurance risks are unpredictable and the Group and Company recognise that it is impossible to forecast with absolute certainty the future claims payable under existing insurance contracts. Actuarial valuations are performed on pockets of the business to ensure that the technical provisions are adequate.

Claim provisions

The Group's and Company's outstanding claims provisions include notified claims as well as incurred but not yet reported claims and due to the short-tail nature of the business it is not considered necessary to discount any of the claims provisions.

Notified claims

Claims provisions are based on previous claims expenditure, knowledge of events, terms and conditions of the relevant policies and interpretation of circumstances.

Each notified claim is assessed on a separate, case-by-case basis with due regard to the specific circumstances, information available from the insured and loss adjuster and past experience with similar claims. The Group and Company employ staff experienced in claims handling and rigorously apply standardised policies and procedures around claims assessment. In addition the Group and Company utilise the services of specialised administrators to perform the claims assessment process for some of its business. The ultimate cost of the reported claims may vary as a result of future developments or better information becoming available about the current circumstances. Estimates are reviewed regularly and updated if new information becomes available.

Claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR)

The majority of the Group's and Company's IBNR is calculated as a percentage of net earned premium as prescribed by Board Notice 169 of 2011. This percentage is a best estimate reserve, which represents the expected value of the unreported claims liabilities. Different percentages are applicable for different classes of business and appropriateness is assessed against the Group's and Company's past claims experience.

The Company's internal actuaries review the adequacy of the Company's claims provisions. The chain ladder method which involves the analysis of historical claims development factors and the selection of the estimated development factors based on the historical pattern is used to assess the adequacy of the reserves calculated according to Interim Measure principles. Where the Interim Measure reserves prove to be too low an additional reserve is raised which is agreed with the FSB (dispensation).

When testing the appropriateness of the reserves the provision for notified claims and IBNR are initially estimated at a gross level. A separate calculation is then carried out to determine the estimated reinsurance recoveries.

Unearned premium provisions

The Group and Company raise provisions for unearned premiums on a basis which reflects the underlying risk profile of the insurance contracts. The majority of the Group's and Company's insurance contracts have an even risk profile and the unearned premium provisions, raised at the commencement of the contract are released evenly over the period of insurance using a time-proportionate basis as prescribed in Board Notice 169 of 2011. The provisions for unearned premiums are initially determined on a gross level and thereafter the reinsurance impact is recognised.

Assumptions

Very little assumptions are used in determining the technical provisions because the majority of the reserves are calculated according to Board Notice 169 of 2011. Where THIC has dispensation to use an alternative method to calculate reserves the main assumption is that the past experience will be indicative of future experience.

22. Deferred acquisition costs (DAC)

	GRO	DUP	СОМІ	PANY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Deferred commission and acquisition costs net of reinsurance	144 297	163 468	144 297	155 022
Current	144 297	163 468	144 297	155 022
Reconciliation of changes in acquisition costs Balance at beginning of year Acquisition costs deferred during the year Acquisition costs expensed during the year Transfer to non-current asset held for sale Exchange rate differences	163 468 172 604 (167 887) (22 271) (1 615)	177 467 224 586 (238 229) – (356)	155 022 163 560 (174 285) -	169 530 217 711 (232 219) – –
Balance at the end of financial year	144 297	163 468	144 297	155 022

23. Claims development tables

The presentation of the claims development tables for the Company is based on the actual date of the event that caused the claim (accident year basis).

The claims development tables represent the development of actual claims paid.

Claims paid in respect of:										
GROUP	Total R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2014 R'000	2013 R'000	2012 R'000	2011 R'000	2010 R'000	2009 and earlier R'000	
Reporting year Gross	'									
Actual claims										
costs										
2016	6 003 249	3 994 269	1 739 521	187 651	51 445	16 986	9 840	3 537	_	
2015	5 241 627	_	4 017 569	1 127 986	63 532	23 764	8 776	-	-	
2014	4 249 765	_	_	3 513 019	646 968	67 017	13 289	4 964	4 508	
2013	3 205 024	-	-	-	2 620 643	518 605	33 435	19 238	13 103	
2012	3 041 622	-	-	-	-	2 440 139	569 358	23 052	9 073	
2011	2 983 469	-	-	-	-	-	2 318 443	632 162	32 864	
2009	2 794 683	-	_	_	-	_	_	2 103 703	690 980	
2008	1 932 217	-				_			1 932 217	
Cumulative										
payments to date	29 451 655	3 994 269	5 757 090	4 828 656	3 382 588	3 066 511	2 953 141	2 786 656	2 682 745	
Net										
Actual claims										
costs										
2016	4 260 334	3 303 230	866 487	60 457	16 817	7 265	5 527	551	-	
2015	4 282 181	-	3 423 731	811 316	26 658	10 810	4 218	5 448		
2014	3 436 912	_	_	2 874 337	519 442	30 883	6 542	4 394	1 314	
2013	2 737 941	-	_	_	2 130 371	383 075	119 214	63 547	41 734	
2012	2 616 878	-	_	_	_	2 033 226	559 067	16 438	8 147	
2011	2 602 452	_	_	_	_	_	2 119 577	469 147	13 728	
2008 2007	2 401 903 1 668 467	_	_	_	_	_	_	1 830 357	571 546 1 668 467	
2007	1 666 467	_							1 666 467	
Cumulative										
payments to date	24 007 068	3 303 230	4 290 218	3 746 110	2 693 288	2 465 259	2 814 146	2 389 882	2 304 936	

for the year ended 30 June 2016

24. Borrowings

	GRO	DUP
	2016 R'000	2 015 R'000
Non-current borrowings		
Unsecured		
Non-interest-bearing borrowings	2 900	-
These loans have no fixed terms of repayment.		
Interest-bearing loan	354	354
The loan bears interest at prime less 1% and is repayable over 48 months.		
Total	3 254	354
Non-current	3 254	354

25. Employee benefits

	GRO	DUP	СОМ	PANY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
Leave pay At beginning of year	19 104	22 664	15 513	21 304
Charged to the income statement	(1 385)	(3 497)	1 920	(5 791)
additional provisionsused during the yeartransfer to non-current liabilities held for sale	35 200 (33 236) (3 349)	(2 109) (1 388) –	34 866 (32 946) -	(5 791) - -
Exchange rate differences	(285)	(63)	-	_
Balance at end of year	17 433	19 104	17 433	15 513
Incentive provision At beginning of year	235 002	100 489	195 512	89 756
Charged to the income statement	(7 686)	136 269	28 734	105 756
additional provisionsused during the yeartransfer to non-current liabilities held for sale	213 944 (190 765) (30 865)	255 611 (119 342) –	181 269 (152 535) -	203 571 (97 815) –
Net foreign currency translation differences	(3 070)	(1 756)	_	_
Balance at end of year	224 246	235 002	224 246	195 512
Analysis of employee benefits Current	241 679	254 106	241 679	211 025
Total	241 679	254 106	241 679	211 025

Leave pay

In terms of the Group and Company policy, employees are entitled to accumulate a maximum of 25 days' leave and the leave pay liability is calculated on that basis. Any leave accumulated over this number is forfeited by the employees concerned. Whilst all employees are encouraged to take their full annual leave, they are entitled to encash a maximum of five days' leave (taxed) in a leave cycle. When employees who have leave due to them cease their employment with the Company, all accumulated and accrued leave is paid to them at the current total cost to company rate as part of their salary payment, limited to a maximum number of 25 days.

The Group's and Company's provision for leave pay amounted to RI7 443 000 and RI7 443 000 respectively at the statement of financial position date (2015: RI9 104 000 and RI5 513 000).

Incentive scheme

In terms of the Group policy, selected employees at the discretion of the directors receive an incentive bonus. This bonus relates to employee and corporate performance and is subject to approval by the Remuneration Committee.

The Group's and Company's provision for staff incentives amounted to R224 246 000 and R224 246 000 respectively at the statement of financial position date (2015: 235 002 000 and R195 512 000).

	GROU	Р	COMPAI	NY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	20 R'00
Trade and other payables				
Trade and other creditors	737 825	835 000	728 182	656 9
Group companies payables	76 266	47 891	73 861	31 9
Other liabilities	(12 949)	115 534	(13 622)	50 1
All balances are current.	801 142	998 425	788 421	739 1
Interest received and dividend income				
Interest received and dividend income				
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	113 352	116 581	116 620	104 6
Interest on call and term deposits	109 556	80 978	109 493	80 9
Interest on secured loans	103 336	35 603	3 573	23 6
Sundry interest income	3 796	-	3 554	20 0
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	90 457	43 068	42 654	31 4
Interest received on investments	35 522	17 264	22 550	16 6
Sundry interest income (on bank accounts, etc.)	53 117	25 225	18 286	14
Interest received SARS	1 818	579	1 818	2
Financial assets held-to-maturity	7 305	12 393	_	
Total interest received	211 114	172 042	159 274	136 0
Dividends received				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Ordinary shares – dividends received	33 247	29 872	33 247	29 5
Quoted sharesUnquoted shares	9 672	29 872 4 987	40 526	29 0
Preference shares – dividends received	0 0/2	4 007	40 020	20 0
- Quoted shares	11 108	9 834	11 108	9 8
- Unquoted shares	72 022	51 866	72 022	51 8
Unit trusts – dividends received	1/ 500			
Quoted sharesUnquoted shares	14 502 1 867	24 540	1 867	1.6
Debentures – dividends received	1007	24 340	1 007	10
- Unquoted debentures	2 820	_	2 820	
Accrued – dividends received				
Dividends from subsidiaries	_		39 851	66
Total dividends received	145 239	121 099	201 441	179 4
Total interest and dividend income	356 353	293 141	360 715	315 5
Interest paid Interest paid — collateral deposit	629	1 838	629	1 8
Interest paid - treaty reserves	20 898	14 123	20 898	14
Interest paid – general	2 783	119	2 783	
Interest paid - SARS	329	14	329	
Total interest paid	24 639	16 094	24 639	16 0
Realised profits/(losses) on disposal of				
investments and other financial assets				
Listed investments	6 881	36 111	(20)	6 2
Unlisted investments, subsidiaries and associates	1 119 444	17 194	1 074 505	17
	1 126 325	53 305	1 074 485	23 4
Nick and the Colon of the Colon	1 126 325	53 305	1 074 485	23 4
Net realised profit on fair value through profit or loss financial assets	1 120 020	00 000		

for the year ended 30 June 2016

		GR	OUP	COMPANY	
		2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
29.	Unrealised profits/(losses) on revaluation of investments and other financial assets				
	Listed investments	(42 543)	(90 467)	(42 543)	(70 291)
	Unlisted investments, subsidiaries and associates	(797 261)	782 424	(840 659)	699 028
		(839 804)	691 957	(883 202)	628 737
	Net unrealised (loss)/profit on fair value through other comprehensive income assets	1 045	(1 781)	_	-
	Net unrealised profit on fair value through profit or loss assets	(840 849)	693 738	(883 202)	628 737
		(839 804)	691 957	(883 202)	628 737

30. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is determined after charging:

		2016			2015	
	Company	Rest of Group	Total	Company	Rest of Group	Total
Directors' and prescribed officers' emoluments	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Executive Directors						
Director A						
Basic salary	1 635	1 635	3 270	1 445	1 445	2 890
Bonus and performance related payments	10 151	10 151	20 302	10 403	10 403	20 806
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	171	171	342	55	55	110
Pension/provident fund contributions	236	236	472	222	222	444
	12 193	12 193	24 386	12 125	12 125	24 250
Director B						
Basic salary	579	1 737	2 316	1 157	1 157	2 314
Bonus and performance related payments	3 595	10 785	14 380	7 369	7 369	14 738
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	121	363	484	166	166	332
Pension/provident fund contributions	97	290	386	185	185	370
	4 392	13 174	17 566	8 877	8 877	17 754
Director C						
Basic salary	1 080	1 080	2 160	1 005	1 005	2 010
Bonus and performance related payments	4 229	4 229	8 458	4 335	4 335	8 670
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	95	95	190	175	175	350
Pension/provident fund contributions	164	164	328	154	154	308
	5 568	5 568	11 136	5 669	5 669	11 338
Director D						
Basic salary	742	742	1 484	_	_	_
Bonus and performance related payments	_	_	-	_	-	_
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	37	37	74	-	-	_
Pension/provident fund contributions	96	96	192	-	_	-
	875	875	1 750	-	-	-
Non-executive Directors						
Director A	260	260	520	186	186	372
Director B	404	404	807	366	366	732
Director C	261	261	522	232	232	464
Director D	284	568	852	325	650	975
Director E	185	185	370	143	143	286
Director F	232	232	464	162	162	324
	1 626	1 910	3 536	1 414	1 739	3 153

		2016			2015	
	Company	Rest of Group	Total	Company	Rest of Group	Total
Directors' and prescribed officers' emoluments	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Prescribed officer A						
Basic salary	818	1 227	2 045	765	1 147	1 912
Bonus and performance related payments	4 566	6 849	11 415	3 707	5 560	9 267
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	191	286	477	182	274	456
Pension/provident fund contributions	141	211	352	132	198	330
	5 716	8 573	14 289	4 786	7 179	11 965
Prescribed officer B						
Basic salary	1 608	402	2 010	1 524	381	1 905
Bonus and performance related payments	6 767	1 692	8 459	6 935	1 734	8 669
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	200	50	250	79	20	99
Pension/provident fund contributions	252	63	315	336	85	421
	8 827	2 207	11 034	8 874	2 220	11 094
Prescribed officer C						
Basic salary	2 029	225	2 254	-	_	_
Bonus and performance related payments	6 488	721	7 209	-	_	_
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	238	26	264	_	_	_
Pension/provident fund contributions	308	34	342	-	_	-
	9 063	1 006	10 069	_	_	_
Prescribed officer D						
Basic salary	266	2 397	2 663	250	2 246	2 496
Bonus and performance related payments	565	5 084	5 649	586	5 274	5 860
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	6	57	63	-	-	-
Pension/provident fund contributions	29	265	294	32	294	326
	866	7 803	8 668	868	7 814	8 682
Prescribed officer E						
Basic salary	2 071	230	2 301	1 933	215	2 148
Bonus and performance related payments	3 877	431	4 308	1 954	218	2 172
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	171	19	190	108	12	120
Pension/provident fund contributions	313	35	348	357	38	395
	6 432	715	7 147	4 352	483	4 835
Prescribed officer F						
Basic salary	1 747	749	2 496	1 640	703	2 343
Bonus and performance related payments	2 651	1 136	3 787	36	15	51
Estimated monetary value of other benefits	15	6	21	250	107	357
Pension/provident fund contributions	252	108	360			
	4 665	1 999	6 664	1 926	825	2 751
Total directors and prescribed officers emoluments	60 222	56 023	116 245	57 703	47 910	105 613

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	COME	PANY
2015 R'000		20° R'00
8 889	8 889 5 518	5 82
1 610		1 46
140		1
10 639		7 41
14 085	4 085 9 336	10 1
2 251	2 251 1732	17
3 302	3 302 1 503	2 8
19 638	9 638 12 571	14 7
1 073 311	73 311 903 800	904 8
	16 700	(9 5
6 894	- 14 788	(9 5
(27 165)		(27 16
07.000	7,000	0.0
27 906 105		2 3
53		
-		
(169)	(169)	
864 228	4 228 816 977	825 9
00.57/		50 =
93 574 57 225		53 7 56 3
42 126		30 8
10 169		10 1
26	26 1	
133 511		92 7
2 094	2 094 (1 779)	1 4
138 218	38 218 (277 974)	62 C
(1 547)		
- 223	- 5 364 223 563	2
272 499		156 3
%		
28,0	28,0 28,0	2
-	- (0,2)	
-	(22,0)	
(3,4)	(3,4) (4,8)	(4
(6,6)		(7
(1,8)		(0
0,7		
0,1 -	0,1 – - 0,5	
17.0		1
		- 0,5

			NID.	COMP	ANV
		GRO		COMPANY	
		2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
32.	Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash				
	generated from operations				
	Profit before taxation	1 678 327	1 380 778	1 170 268	1 007 269
	Adjustments for:				
	Depreciation With aff of property and agricument	19 397	19 638	12 573	14 733
	Write-off of property and equipment Write-off of loans	237 11 341	454 41 207	11 341	105 41 207
	Impairment loss/(write-back) on loans to associates, subsidiaries	11 041	41 207	11 041	41 207
	and other	(12 251)	(3 322)	(12 119)	(9 591)
	Impairment loss on insurance receivables and reinsurance assets	-	2 291	-	-
	Impairment/(write-back)/loss on unlisted investment	(42 192)	(27 165)	(42 192)	(27 165)
	Intangible asset amortisation Write-off of intangible asset	21 241 6 451	27 906 53	19 313 4 831	2 384
	Non-cash other income	6 451	669	4 031	_
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of investments	(1 126 325)	(53 710)	(1 074 485)	(23 826)
	Loss on disposal of property and equipment		(169)	_	-
	Profit on foreign currency translation difference	(162 003)	(10 449)	(44 867)	8 789
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of subsidiaries	(452 803)	(534)	(452 803)	140
	Net interest and dividend income	(331 714)	(277 047)	(336 077)	(299 523)
	Unrealised gain on revaluation of listed investments Unrealised gain on revaluation of unlisted investments	42 543 798 306	94 421 (759 247)	42 543 411 824	70 291 (375 467)
	Unrealised gain on revaluation of anisted investments	730 300	(755 247)	239 664	38 739
	Unrealised gain on revaluation of subsidiaries	_	_	189 171	(362 301)
	Unrealised loss on revaluation of investment property	(4 948)	8 122	_	_
	Unrealised profit on other financial assets	-	(29 158)	-	-
	Share of profits in associates	(32 477)	(85 430)	-	_
	Operating cash flows before working capital changes	413 130	329 308	138 984	85 784
	Working capital changes	(696 939)	929 575	(113 302)	862 228
	(Increase)/decrease in insurance receivables, loans and				
	other receivables	(248 504)	543 018	(493 151)	488 920
	Increase/(decrease) in insurance liabilities (Increase)/decrease in reinsurance assets	(277 406) (90 331)	786 076 (605 689)	638 787 (560 783)	622 854 (486 023)
	(Increase)/decrease in deferred acquisition costs	19 170	13 643	10 725	14 508
	Increase/(decrease) in reinsurance liabilities	109 841	135 568	211 172	97 611
	(Decrease)/increase in trade and other accounts payables				
	and employee benefits	(209 710)	56 959	79 948	124 357
	Cash generated from operations	(283 810)	1 258 883	25 681	948 011
33	Dividends paid				
_	Amounts due at beginning of year	(18 053)	(48 582)	3 492	-
	Amounts declared for the year	(1 989 240)	(554 958)	(1 989 240)	(554 958)
	Amounts declared to non-controlling interest	(780)	(681)	-	
	Amounts due at end of year	14 317	18 053	14 317	3 492
	Cash amounts paid	(1 993 757)	(586 168)	(1 971 432)	(551 466)
34	Dividends received				
- •	Amounts due at beginning of year	144 787	126 245	144 787	126 245
	Dividends received per profit and loss statement	145 239	121 099	201 441	179 469
	Impairment of accrued dividends per profit and loss statement	18 510	8 374	18 510	8 374
	Amounts due at end of year	(114 082)	(144 787)	(114 082)	(144 787)
	Cash amounts received	194 454	110 931	250 656	169 301

for the year ended 30 June 2016

		GROUP		COMPANY	
		2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
35.	Taxation paid	(000 000)	(000,000)	(000 000)	(070,000)
	Amounts due at beginning of year Amounts charged to profit and loss statement Foreign currency translation difference	(288 015) 104 654 (2 479)	(333 030) (272 499) (536)	(268 232) 184 027 -	(279 262) (156 385) –
	Transfer to other financial assets Amounts due at end of year	- (16 727)	108 759 288 015	(23 401)	- 268 232
	Cash amounts paid	(202 567)	(209 291)	(107 606)	(167 413)
	Amounts due at end of year comprised as follows:				
	Deferred income tax asset Deferred income tax liability Current taxation asset Current taxation liability	(78 170) 136 408 (74 993) 28	(81 816) 424 403 (66 709) 12 137	(77 889) 129 368 (74 879) –	(80 040) 409 493 (61 221) –
		(16 727)	288 015	(23 401)	268 232

36. Business combinations

36.1 Summary of business combinations - 30 June 2016

Disposal of investments in subsidiary

	Hollard Asset Management (Pty) Ltd R'000	Total R'000
Financial assets	599 746	599 746
Loans and other receivables	5	5
Deferred tax liability	(108 759)	(108 759)
Minority interest	(273 688)	(273 688)
Profit generated on disposal of subsidiary	94 681	94 681
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiary Net cash outflow arising on disposal: - Cash and cash equivalents	311 985	311 985
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	311 985	311 985

36.1.1 Disposal of 50.03% shareholding in Hollard Asset Management (Pty) Ltd

On 17 February 2016, the Group disposed of 50.3% of its investments in Hollard Asset Management (Pty) Ltd. At the date of disposal, the fair value of the investment in the Company was R311 985 000 and the net asset value was R490 993 000. The Company generated a profit on disposal of R311 851 000 whereas the Group generated a profit on disposal of R94 681 000.

	Disposal of investments in subsidiary: R'000
The Group's share of the net liabilities at the date of disposal was as follows:	50,03%
Financial assets	599 746
Loans and other receivables	5
Deferred tax liability	(108 759)
Minority interest	(273 688)
Profit generated on disposal of subsidiary	94 681
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiary	311 985

Acquisitions of further investment in subsidiary

	Execuline Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd R'000	Total R'000
Net assets acquired in the transaction were as follows:	<u> </u>	
Fair value at date of acquisition	2 183	2 183
Goodwill	12 817	12 817
Total consideration	15 000	15 000
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:		
- Cash consideration paid	(15 000)	(15 000)
- Cash and cash equivalents acquired	-	_
Net cash and cash equivalents acquired	(15 000)	(15 000)

36.1.2 Acquisition of a further 49% shareholding in Execuline Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd

Acquisition of investment in subsidiary:

	R 000
On 30 June 2016, the Company acquired a further 49% of the shareholding in Execuline Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd for a cash consideration of R15 000 000.	
Net assets acquired in the transaction were as follows:	
Fair value at date of acquisition	2 183
Goodwill	12 817
Total consideration	15 000
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	
- Cash consideration paid	(15 000)
– Cash and cash equivalents acquired	-
Net cash and cash equivalents acquired	(15 000)

36.2 Summary of business combinations – 30 June 2015

Disposal of investments in subsidiary

	Haven Development Company R'000	Total R'000
Investment property	2 900	2 900
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	98	98
Trade and other payables	(3 532)	(3 532)
Profit generated on disposal of subsidiary	534	534
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiary Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	_	-
- Cash and cash equivalents	(98)	(98)
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	(98)	(98)

36.2.1 Disposal of 100% shareholding in Haven Development Company

On 30 April 2015, the Group disposed of 100% of its investments in Haven Development Company. At the date of disposal, the fair value of the investment in the Company was Rnil and the net liability value was R533 839. The Company generated a loss on disposal of R139 900 whereas the Group generated a profit on disposal of R533 939.

	Disposal of investments in subsidiary: R'000
The Group's share of the net liabilities at the date of disposal was as follows:	100%
Investment property	2 900
Cash and cash equivalents	98
Trade and other payables	(3 532)
Profit generated on disposal of subsidiary	534
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiary	_

for the year ended 30 June 2016

36. Business combinations (continued)

36.2 Summary of business combinations - 30 June 2015 (continued)

36.2.1 Disposal of 100% shareholding in Haven Development Company (continued)

Acquisitions of investments in subsidiary

	Execuline Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd R'000	Total R'000
Net assets acquired in the transaction were as follows:		
Fair value at date of acquisition	2 630	2 630
Goodwill	1 589	1 589
Total consideration	4 219	4 219
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:		
– Cash consideration paid	(4 219)	(4 219)
- Cash and cash equivalents acquired	4 176	4 176
Net cash and cash equivalents acquired	(43)	(43)

36.2.2 Acquisition of 51% shareholding in Execuline Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd

Acquisition of investment in subsidiary: R'000

On 1 July 2014, the Company acquired 51% of the shareholding in Execuline Underwriting Managers	
(Pty) Ltd for a cash consideration of R4 219 366.	
Net assets acquired in the transaction were as follows:	
Fair value at date of acquisition	2 630
Goodwill	1 589
Total consideration	4 219
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	
- Cash consideration paid	(4 219)
– Cash and cash equivalents acquired	4 176
Net cash and cash equivalents acquired	(43)

37. Investments in associates

37.1 Summary of movement in the fair value of the Group's investments in associates - 30 June 2016

37.1.1 Disposal of investments in associates as at 30 June 2016

The Group disposed of its investment in the following associates

			GROUP						
	Date of disposal	% of shareholding disposed %	Proceeds on disposal R'000	Carrying value R'000	Profit/(loss) on sale of investments R'000				
Lomhold (Pty) Ltd Eikos Holdings SA (Pty) Ltd	14 September 2015 31 March 2016	21,88 40,00	147 036 8 280	100 775 6 745	46 260 1 535				
			155 316	107 520	47 795				

37.2 Summary of movement in the fair value of the Group's investments in associates – 30 June 2015.

There were no acquisitions or disposals of associates during the year ended 30 June 2015.

		GRO	OUP	COMI	PANY		
		2016	2015	2016	2015		
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		
38.	Proceeds on disposal of property and equipment						
	Book value of assets sold	_	1 380	_	391		
	Loss on disposal	-	169	_	_		
		-	1 549	-	391		
39.	Proceeds on disposal of investments						
00.	Proceeds on disposal of listed investments	5 868	161 541	5 868	114 553		
	Proceeds on disposal of unlisted investments	1 270 087	134 951	1 270 087	134 951		
	Proceeds on non-current assets held for sale	_	_	_	_		
		1 275 955	296 492	1 275 955	249 504		
40.	Proceeds on disposal of non-current assets and						
40.	liabilities held for sale						
	Fair value of assets sold	344 012	_	390 273	_		
	Profit/(loss) on disposal	46 261	_	-	_		
	Fair value adjustments through equity	(390 273)	-	(390 273)	-		
		-	-	_	-		
41.	Capital expenditure						
	The following capital expenditure budget has been						
	approved by the Board for the financial year ending 30 June 2016						
	Furniture, office equipment and computer hardware and software			52 754	34 680		
				52 754	34 680		

None of this expenditure has been contracted for and will be funded from internal sources.

42. Commitments and contingencies

Operating lease commitment

The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited entered into a 10-year lease agreement with Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd, to sub-lease the Arcadia premises with effect from 1 July 2005. The lease runs to 30 June 2015. With effect from 1 July 2009 the lease agreement between The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited and Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd to sub-lease the Arcadia (Phase 1) premises was restructured. Part of the restructuring resulted in a sublease agreement between The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited and The Hollard Insurance Company Limited for the same period.

	СОМ	PANY
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000
The payments recognised as an expense for the year amount to	25 016	30 627
	25 016	30 627

43. Contingent liability

The Hollard Insurance Company, in the ordinary course of business enters into transactions which expose the company to tax, legal and business risk. Provisions are made for known liabilities which are expected to materialise. Possible obligations and known liabilities where no reliable estimate can be made or where it is considered improbable that an outflow would result, are noted as a contingent liability. This is in accordance with IAS 37: Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets.

44. Staff pension and provident fund

The Company has a defined contribution pension fund, the Hollard Employees Pension Fund with 399 (2015: 236) employees of the Company being members of the fund. The Company and employees' contributions to the fund charged against income for the year were R16 734 553 (2015: R12 107 016).

The Company has a defined contribution provident fund, the Hollard Employees Provident Fund with 954 (2015: 812) employees of the Company being members of the fund. The Company and employees' contribution to the fund charged against income for the year were R39 528 056 (2015: R33 591 801).

Both of these funds are controlled by a Board of Trustees and are governed by the Pension Funds Act of 1965.

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45. Subsequent events

On the 30 September 2016, the 70% shareholding in The Hollard Insurance Company of Botswana Limited (incorporated and operational in Botswana) and the 70% shareholding in Hollard Botswana (Pty) Ltd (trading as Hollard Life Botswana and incorporated and operational in Botswana) were sold to Direct Axis International S.a.r.I for the consideration of R180 700 000 and R6 100 000 respectively.

During September 2015, Regent Group's shareholder, Imperial Holdings, accepted an offer by the Hollard Group and the Yellowwoods Group to dispose of its shareholding in Regent Group, subject to regulatory approval. On 21 October 2016, we received confirmation that the Competition Commission would be recommending to the Competition Tribunal that the Group acquisition be prohibited from going ahead. Given that the merger is categorised as a large merger, the recommendation of the Competition Commission does not constitute a final binding decision. Such final binding decision will be made by the Competition Tribunal subsequent to the hearing regarding the merger. The Board is not aware of any other event since the end of the financial year, not otherwise dealt with in these annual financial statements, that would affect the operations of the Group and Company, or the results of these operations.

46. Loans to Directors

	COMPANY		
	Executive		
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	
Balance at beginning of year	12 918	12 080	
Loans advanced and interest charged during the year Loan repayments received during the year	487 (9 398)	838 -	
	4 007	12 918	

Details of individual loans to directors:

No new advance were made during the year (2015: Rnil).

The following repayments were made during the year:

NG Kohler R4 399 201 (2015: Rnil)

TBT Mparutsa R5 000 000 (2015: Rnil)

The loans are given on commercial terms and conditions. The related interest income in 2016 was R487 089 (2015: R838 413).

Interest on loans to NG Kohler and TBT Mparutsa is charged at SARS rate and as at 30 June 2016 the rate was 8%.

47. Related party transactions

Related party relationships exist between the Group, fellow subsidiaries, associated companies and the holding company. All material transactions are at arm's length.

The immediate holding company is Hollard Holdings (Pty) Ltd and the ultimate holding company is Pickent Investments Limited (formerly R Enthoven and Sons (Pty) Ltd). Both of these Companies are incorporated in the Republic of South Africa.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties during the year:

		COMPANY						
	Sum i	nsured	U	UPR				
	2016 R'000	2015 R'000	2016 R'000	2015 R'000				
Guarantee policies issued								
Affiliated companies:								
Advantage Motor Plan (Pty) Ltd	10 000	10 000	13	13				
• Biz Africa	3 373	3 373	2	2				
• Eikos Risk Applications (Pty) Ltd	_	5 000	4	4				
 Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited (incorporated and operational in Namibia) 	10 000	10 000	25 225	-				
PWV Insurance Brokers	26 481	26 482	30	30				
Risk Benefit Solutions (Pty) Ltd	_	500	8	7				
• Sapcor	14 500	14 500	25	22				

The guarantee policies were issued on commercial terms and conditions at market related rates.

Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 308 — Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 M Shezi 81 75 R Hollier - 25 25 W Luus - 164 64 6 Venter 2 179 1 935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Dividends received from related parties 75 625 96 147 Interest - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Interest received from related parties 894 761 810 039 Key management compensation - Salaries bonuses and other short-term employee benefits 19 875 23 644 (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) 60 00000000000000000000000000000000000			•
Decision 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
Loans to subsidiaries 58 379 58 379 10 141 10 1			
Loans to associates 10 141			
Loans to Insurance Studio			
Loans to Bikefin (Pty) Ltd		10 141	
Loans to Friedshelf 1671 (Pty) Ltd 5 831 5 830 Loans to SMART 20 287 17 958 Loans to Toropark Properties (Pty) Ltd 20 287 17 958 Loans to Executine - 4 917 4 917 Loans to Hollard Holdings 72 201 94 447 Loans to Skeyth - 7558 1 93 Loans to Newshelf 76 (Pty) Ltd - 321 Loans to McCarthy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd - 331 Loans to Ogdos Underwriting Managers 308 Loans to Ogdos Underwriting Managers 308 Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 W Luus 81 75 R Hollier - 25 9 W Luus 81 75 B Carlin 25 219 24 680 370 342 40 year 1935 B Carlin 255 219 24 680 Dividends received from related parties 75 625		_	
Loans to SMART	· · ·	- - 001	
Loans to Taropark Properties (Pty) Ltd 20 287 17 958 Loans to Execuline - 4 917 Loans to Hollard Beholds - (2 707) Loans to Newshelf 76 (Pty) Ltd - 7 558 Loans to SkyTiV 2 119 2 385 Loans to McCarthy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd - 321 Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 308 - Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 M Shezi 81 75 R Hollier - 25 W Luus 2 179 1 935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid - 2 958 - The Hollord Life Assurance Company Limited 894 761 810 039 Key manageme			
Loans to Execuline 4 917 Loans to Hollard Behold 72 201 94 447 Loans to Newshelf 76 (Pty) Lttd - (2 707) 7 558 Loans to Newshelf 76 (Pty) Lttd - 321 2 189 2 385 Loans to Kozdrithy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd - 321 2 630 2 541 Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 308 321 Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 2 61 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 2 61 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 2 541			
Loans to Hollard Holdings		20 207	
Loans from Hollard Behold		72 201	
Loans to Newshelf 76 (Pty) Ltd 7 558 Loans to SkyTIV 2 119 2 385 Loans to McCarthy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd 308 - Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 308 - Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 M Shezi 81 75 R Hollier - 25 26 W Luus 164 2179 1935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - 255 2179 1935 P Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 3 573 3 051 Interest - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - 2 958 - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 894 761 810 039 Key management co		72 201	-
Loans to SkyTIV 2 119 2 385 Loans to McCarthy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd - 321 Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 2 630 2 541 Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 M Shezi 81 75 K Hallier - 25 W Luus - 164 G Venter 2 179 1 935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends received from related parties 75 625 96 147 Interest - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Interest received from related parties - 2 958 Interest received from related parties - 2 958 Commission paid - 2 958		_	, ,
Loans to McCarthy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd 321 Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 308 - Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 M Shezi 81 75 K Hallier - 25 164 W Luus - 184 - 184 G Venter 2 179 1 935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Interest 75 625 96 147 Interest 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - 2 958 Investment policy with - 2 958 Investment policy with 894 761 810 038 Key management compensation 894 761 810 038 Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) 00ther transactions - Rent poid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627		2 119	
Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers 308 — Loans to prescribed officers 2 630 2 541 The following advances were made: 81 75 M Shezi 81 75 R Hollier - 25 25 W Luus - 164 64 6 Venter 2 179 1 935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Dividends received from related parties 75 625 96 147 Interest - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Interest received from related parties 894 761 810 039 Key management compensation - Salaries bonuses and other short-term employee benefits 19 875 23 644 (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) 60 00000000000000000000000000000000000	Loans to McCarthy Auto Trimmers (Pty) Ltd	_	
The following advances were made: M Shezi R Hallier C	Loans to Qdos Underwriting Managers	308	-
M Shezi 81 75 R Hollier - 25 W Luus - 164 G Venter 2 179 1 935 B Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Dividends received from related parties 75 625 96 147 Interest - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 894 761 810 039 Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits 19 875 23 644 (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent poid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	Loans to prescribed officers	2 630	2 541
R Hallier	The following advances were made:		
W Luus G Venter G Venter B Carlin Management fees - Poid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Dividends - Dividends received from related parties - Dividends received from related parties - Interest - Interest received from related parties - Interest received from related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Rey management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits Rey management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd - 1935 - 1	M Shezi	81	75
G Venter B Carlin 2179 1 935 8 Carlin 370 342 Management fees - Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 255 219 241 680 Dividends - Dividends received from related parties 75 625 96 147 Interest - Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 894 761 810 039 Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits 19 875 23 644 (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	R Hallier	_	25
B Carlin Management fees - Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Dividends - Dividends received from related parties - Dividends received from related parties - Dividends received from related parties - Interest - Interest received from related parties - Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	W Luus	-	164
Management fees - Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Dividends - Dividends received from related parties - Dividends received from related parties - Interest - Interest received from related parties - Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Rey management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	G Venter	2 179	1 935
- Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Dividends - Dividends received from related parties 75 625 96 147 Interest - Interest received from related parties Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 3 677	B Carlin	370	342
Dividends Dividends received from related parties Dividends received from related parties To 625 96 147 Interest Interest received from related parties To 625 96 147 Interest received from related parties To 2 958 Investment policy with The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 3 0 627	Management fees		
- Dividends received from related parties Interest - Interest received from related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 75 625 96 147 89 147 89 147 89 147 89 147	- Paid to Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited	255 219	241 680
Interest - Interest received from related parties - Interest received from related parties - Interest received from related parties - Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	Dividends		
- Interest received from related parties 3 573 3 051 Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 894 761 810 039 Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits 19 875 23 644 (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	- Dividends received from related parties	75 625	96 147
Commission paid - Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	Interest		
- Commission paid to related parties - 2 958 Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited 894 761 810 039 Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits 19 875 23 644 (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	- Interest received from related parties	3 573	3 051
Investment policy with - The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	Commission paid		
- The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	- Commission paid to related parties	_	2 958
- The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited Key management compensation - Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	Investment policy with		
- Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	- The Hollard Life Assurance Company Limited	894 761	810 039
- Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits (Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors) Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	Key management compensation		
Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	- Salaries, bonuses and other short-term employee benefits	19 875	23 644
Other transactions - Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627	(Key management refers to Executive Committee members excluding Executive Directors)		
- Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd 25 016 30 627			
, , , ,	- Rent paid to Hollard Life Properties (Pty) Ltd	25 016	30 627
	- Transfer of subsidiary to related party	_	

Refer to notes 8 and 9 on page 38, as well as note 48 on pages 68 to 69 of these annual financial statements for details of loans with Group companies and other related parties.

for the year ended 30 June 2016

48. Subsidiaries, associates and joint venture

-	Carrying value of interest in subsidiaries									
	Nature of business	Place of business	Issued share capital R	Proportion held 2016 %	Proportion held 2015 %	Shares 2016 R'000	Indebtedness 2016 R'000	Shares In 2015 R'000	idebtedness 2015 R'000	
Directly held subsidiaries										
Apex Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd	В	RSA	100	100,00	100,00	_	1 613	-	1 476	
Casa Luigi Properties (Pty) Ltd	Α	RSA	100	100,00	100,00	_	_	-	-	
Comingo Trading (Pty) Ltd	G	RSA	100	100,00	100,00	_	_	-	_	
Electronic Risk Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd	В	RSA	100	100,00	100,00	_	_	_	_	
EquiMed Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd	В	RSA	100	100,00	100,00		_			
Ground Lily Investments (Pty) Ltd	С	RSA	100	100,00	100,00			_	_	
Hollard Asset Management (Ptu) Ltd	С	RSA	'	100,00	50.03	_	_	_	_	
The Hollard Insurance Company of Botswana Limited (incorporated and operational in Botswana)	F	Botswana	13 630 999	70,00	70.00	180 716		176 473	_	
Hollard Botswana (Pty) Ltd (trading as Hollard Life Botswana and incorporated and operational in					,,,,					
Botswana) Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia	F	Botswana	3 433 890	70,00	70,00	6 095	_	2 143	-	
Limited (incorporated and operational in Namibia) Hollard Mocambique Companhia de	F	Namibia	7 700 000	64,94	64,94	428 997	-	339 989	-	
Seguros (incorporated and operational in Mozambique)	F	Mozambique	30 148 500	50,10	50,10	130 598	-	169 783	-	
Hollard Portfolio Management (Pty) Ltd	С	RSA	1	100,00	100,00	41 220	_	41 796	_	
JJK Marketing Consultants (Pty) Ltd	В	RSA	100	100,00	100,00	41 220	_	41750	_	
Newshelf 33 (Pty) Ltd	C	RSA	1	100,00	100,00	_	_	149	_	
Precept Supply Chain Management	-			,	,					
(Pty) Ltd	D	RSA	3 001 010	100,00	100,00	_	_	-	-	
Quisisana (Pty) Ltd	Α	RSA	1	100,00	100,00	_	31 687	-	31 687	
Accredited Investments (Pty) Ltd	С	RSA	1	100,00	100,00	_	_	_	-	
Leungo Investments (Pty) Ltd	Α	RSA	100	100,00	100,00	_	37 678	-	37 678	
Execuline Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd	В	RSA	100	100,00	51,00	_	_	4 219	_	
						787 626	70 978	734 552	70 842	
Write-back of impairment on loan						_	(12 599)	-	(12 462)	
whee back of impairment on tour						787 626	58 379	734 552	58 379	

Subsidiaries with material non-controlling interest

		ocambique de Seguros	Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Summarised balance sheet					
Total assets	750 666	742 161	1 063 160	809 396	
Total liabilities	549 383	579 439	752 495	568 000	
Net assets	201 283	162 722	310 665	241 396	
Summarised income statement					
Revenue	411 983	297 230	1 055 680	922 261	
Profit before income tax	149 051	56 380	292 088	220 223	
Income tax	(45 855)	(16 067)	(33 121)	(27 233)	
Profit after income tax	103 196	40 313	258 967	192 991	
Other comprehensive income	-	(1 592)	-	303	
Total comprehensive income	103 196	38 721	258 967	193 294	
Profit/(loss) allocated to NCI	51 495	20 116	244 764	172 692	
Dividends paid to NCI	-	-	(153 446)	(102 688)	

	Hollard Mo Companhia			Hollard Insurance Company of Namibia Limited		
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		
Summarised cash flows Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities Net cash outflow from financing activities	(25 197) 4 070 –	154 091 (24 890) –	(3 808) 7 487 -	57 319 (112 704) –		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents FCTR Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(21 127) - 387 597	129 201 - 258 396	3 679 - 68 552	(55 385) (1 539) 125 476		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	366 470	387 597	72 231	68 552		

	Carrying value of interest in associates								
	Nature of business	Issued share capital R	Proportion held 2016 %	Proportion held 2015 %	2016 Shares R'000	Indebtedness	2015 Shares R'000	2015 Indebtedness R'000	
Directly held associates									
Eikos Holdings SA (Pty) Ltd Legal Expenses Group Africa	С	260	-	40,00	-	-	26 624	-	
Limited	F	1 700	39,90	39,90	178 181	-	258 684	-	
Louwfut Beleggings 1077 (Pty) Ltd	Α	1 000	46,20	46,20	_	12 855	_	12 855	
Lomhold (Pty) Ltd	F	227 598	-	21,80	-	_	-	-	
					178 181	12 855	285 308	12 855	
Impairment on loans					-	(2 714)	_	(2 714)	
impairment on tourio					178 181	10 141	285 308	10 141	
					·		·		
			Carryi	ng value of ir	iterest in joir	nt venture			

		Carrying value of interest in joint venture							
	Nature of business	Issued share capital R	Proportion held 2016 %	Proportion held 2015 %	2016 Shares R'000	2016 Indebtedness R'000	2015 Shares R'000	2015 Indebtedness R'000	
Directly held joint ventures Exiliti Services (Pty) Ltd Impairment on loans	E	400	50,00	50,00	-	10 943 (10 943)	-	10 943 (10 943)	
impulmone on touris					_	-	-	-	

Nature of business

- A Property holding
- B Underwriting managers
- C Investment holding
- D Venture Capital
- E Business process outsourcing services
- F General insurance
- G Administration

49. Going concern

The Board believes that the Group and the Company will continue to be a going concern in the year ahead. For this reason, the Board continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

Directorate and administration

Directorate

To date of this report the directors of the Company are as follows:

Non-executive Chairman ADH Enthoven Group Chief Executive Officer NG Kohler Group Chief Financial Officer (until 1 January 2016) TBT Mparutsa Group Chief Financial Officer (from 1 January 2016) WT Lategan Executive Director IH Ross Independent Non-executive Director BF Mohale Non-executive Director R Fihrer Independent Non-executive Director B Ngonyama Independent Non-executive Director PK Ward Independent Non-executive Director S Patel

NV Simamane

Administration

Independent Non-executive Director

Company Secretary

NL Shirilele

Public Officer

NL Shirilele

Compliance Officer

M Naidoo

Registered office and business address

Hollard at Arcadia 22 Oxford Road Parktown Johannesburg 2193

Postal address

PO Box 87419 Houghton 2041

Website

www.hollard.co.za

Nature of business

The Company transacts short-term insurance business.

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche Building 8 Deloitte Place The Woodlands Woodlands Drive

Woodmead Sandton

Registration number

1952/003004/06